# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية يُصْدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والرايء

#### Abdul Jaber to head ESCWA

UNITED NATIONS (R) — A former Jordanian minister of labour, Tayseer Abdul Jaher, was named Friday as executive secretary of the U.N. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWAt, based in Baghdad. Abdul Jaher, who takes up his post Feb. 1, succeeds Mohammad Said Nabulsi. Abdul Jaher was minister of labour and social development from 1984 to 1985 and has held a number of other senior government positions. During the past three years he established and managed his own economic consulting firm in Amman, called the Arab Consulting centre. Abdul Jaber has degrees in economics, development planning and economic integration from the University of Southern California and Cairo university. He was deputy minister of labour from 1979 to 1983 and served as secretary general of the National Planning Council from 1977 to 1979. Abdul Jaber was economic affairs officer with the U.N. Economic Commission for Western Asia in 1975-76.

Volume 14. Number 3984

AMMAN SATURDAY JANUARY 14, 1989, JUMADA AL THANI 5, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

### AROUND THE WORLD...

#### S. Arabia refuses to take back Amin

BAKAR (R) - Sandi Arabia has refused to take back deposed Ugandair dictator left Amin, who was expelled Thursday from Zaire, Dakar Radio reported Friday. It quoted diplomats as saying Amin left Daker Friday merging for an undisclosed destination. Amin and his son arrived in the Senegalese capital Thursday to catch a Sandia airlines flight to Leddah where they live in exile. The radio said Saudi Arabia had declared Amin persons non grats. It gave no reason for the decision. Amin left Dakar in the same Zairean government plane which had brought him from Kinshasa, the radio said (see story on

#### Bonn opens probe into chemical firm

FRANKFURT (AP) - A presecutor has opened a criminal probe against the Imbausen-Chemie company, named by U.S. officials as a key supplier of equipment for the alleged Libyan chemical weapons plant, a judicial spokesman said Friday. Hans Frey, a spokesman for ecutor's office in Karlsruhe, said the investigation was opened by officials in the nearby city of Offenburg. "That is correct. A mual investigation has been opened against Imhausen-Chemic." Frey told the AP in a telephone interview. The spokesman said he had no further information about the probe.

#### No clear proof semtex used in blast

EAST BERLIN (R) — East Germany's official ADN news agency said Friday Czechoslovak and British experts had concluded there was no clear proof that semtex explosives were used to blow up a Pan Am Beeing 747 over Scotland last month. ADN said in a dispatch from Prague: "There is no clear evidence that sentex explosives from Exechoslovakia were used in the attack on the Boeing 747. This was confirmed in talks Czechoslovak explosives experts held with British specialists in London."

#### PLO confirms Arafat's visit to Finland

HELSINKI (AP) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Friday PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat will visit Finland Jan. 16-17. The PLO information office said in a statement Arafat, accompanied by a high-level delegation, would meet President Manno Koivisto and Prime Minister Harri Holkert, as well as the foreign minister and other leading politicians. Israel objected when Finland officially invited Arafat last month that the invitation was not "contributing to the Middle East peace process."

### Crash plane's engines to go to France

LONDON (AP) - The engines of a crashed Boeing 737 were crated up for shipment Friday to their manufacturer in France where they will he stripped down for cives to the cause of the disaster that killed 44 people. The Transport Department said it had nothing fresh to report on the investigation into why the plane's right-hand engine was shut down and the other caught fire during the ill-fated London-to-Belfast flight Sunday night.

### Klibi visits Spain

MADRID (AP) — Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi arrived here Friday to discuss a European Economic Community (EEC) initiative to seek a diplomatic breakthrough in the Middle East conflict with Prime Minister Felipe Gouzalez as Spain begins its six-month EEC presidency. After flying in to Madrid's Barajas apport from Tunisia at midday aboard a Spanish air force jet, Klibl met with Gonzalez for an hour at his Moncloa Palace residence before atting down to a working bunch with Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez Spanish diplomatic sources said they expected Klibi to urge Spain to build momentum within the 12-nation EEC to pressure Israel to accept direct talks with the Palestine Liberation isation (PLO) within the framework of an international peace conference. Spain assumed the rotating EEC presidency Jan. 1.

### TASS cannot confirm quake survivor story

MOSCOW (AP) - The official Soviet news agency TASS, which Thursday reported that six Armenians had been found alive under ke rubble after 35 days, publicly expressed doubts Friday bout the truthfulness of the account. "Regrettably, we are unable so far to confirm with full certainty the authenticity of the reports made by our Armenian colleagues about the 'Leninskan miracle,' nor can we categorically deny them," TASS said. On Thursday, TASS reported that six men had been rescued after being trapped since the Dec. 7 cartiquake in the rubble of a nine-storey apartment building in Teninakan (see page 8).

### King Faisal awards announced

RIVADH (AP) - The King Faisal International Prize Committee nonnced Friday their annual awards for 1989, with two Americans, a Britain and a German among seven winners that shared the four neigns. A fifth prize, service to Islam, was to be announced Saturday. Dr. Luigi Mastroianni, professor of the University of Pennsylvania, School of Medicine, shared the prize for medicine with Dr. Robert School of Medicine, shared the prize for incoming reproduction at the Geoffrey Edwards, a professor of human reproduction at the Geoffrey Dr. Ahmad H. Zeweil, also an Pulversity of Cambridge in England. Dr. Ahmad H. Zeweil, also an American citizen, of the California Institute of Technology, won in the science category for his pioneering research in the field of spectroscopy and his contribution towards the realisation of laser-driven chemical reactions. He shared the prize with Dr. Theodor W. Hanssch, a professor of physics at the University of Munich, West Geometry, for his work in laser physics. The prize in the field of Islamic studies went to Dr. Salah Ahmad Al Ali of Iraq, for work in the history of the Islamic Nation and its civilisation. The prize for Arabic Bierature and went to Shakir M. K. Al Sakam of Syriz and Yousef A. Khlais of Egypt for literature studies of poets and writers through the end of the third Islamic century.

### Army deployed in Jammu after clashes

FRINAGAR (R) - Troops were deployed in the north Indian city of an and police were ordered to shoot troublemakers after more than 100 people were injured in communal clashes Friday. The clashes riced by portraits, carried by Sikh marchers, of the executed Sikh killers of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. A government spokesman said by telephone the clashes started during a march by Sikhs carrying portraits of Satwant Singh, who shot Mrs. Gandhi in 1984 and Kehar Singh, convicted of plotting the assassination. Both were hanged in Delhi'a Tihar jail a week ago. Militants of Shiv Sena,

### Sudanese envoy arrives in Addis Ababa

ADDIS ABABA (R) - Sudan, continuing year-old moves to improve ADIMS ABABA (R)—Sudam, continuing year-old moves to improve relations with Ethiopia, sent a special envoy to President Mengista Half-Mariam Friday, the official Ethiopian News Agency (ENA) said. It said: Sudanese Energy Minister Al Fadel Al Mahdi brought Mengista a message from the Khartoum government on bilateral relations. Mahdi told ENA the visit followed up talks last month in Khartoum between Sudanese officials and Ethiopian Prime Minister Phys Science Wogderess on border and security issues.

European Parliament speaker ends visit AMMAN (Petra) — European Parliament Speaker Lord Plumb left Amman Friday at the end of a three-day visit to Jordan during which he held talks with His Majesty King Hussein, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi on the latest

developments in the region. Plumb's discussions here covered the latest developments on the Palestinian scene, following Jordan's decision in 1988 to sever legal and administrative relations with the occupied West Bank and the recent resolutions adopted hy Palestine National Couocil's

(PNC) which met the condidons nian people, convening an interpeace in the region, the Palestidetente in international relations.

Also reviewed was Jordan's position based on the exchange of

for a just and comprehensive national peace conference for establishing peace in the region nian-American dialogue and the and the implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

land for peace, recognition of the See page 3 for Plumb's comments legitimate rights of the Palesti- at a press conference Thursday

### Israeli parliamentarians, PLO debate peace

PARIS (Ageocies) — Israeli meot, refused to take part in members of Knesset (MK) and Friday's dehate in which Israelis Palestine Liberation Organisatioo (PLO) officials were separated by one empty seat at a Paris that dehate on Middle East peace PLO. Friday, described by both camps as an important step towards toplevel dialogue.

Israeli parliament memhers unwillingly bowed to a 1986 law which bars meetings with members of the PLO and avoided delegation, but the two groups sat aloogside each other in the front row of a French senate chamber. There were no handshakes and little eve-cootact.

"It's a ridiculous law hut we are lawmakers and we have to abide by it until the day it is changed, and I hope that will be soon," Labour party MK Arye Eliav told

Fellow MK Ora Namir, also part of Israel's coalition govern- leadership of the PLO."

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir

plan during an opcoming visit to

Washingtoo but vowed to "swim

against the tide" in opposing a role for the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO), according

Shamir told the English-lan-

guage Jerusalem Post he believes

the U.S. decision to start a dia-

logue with the PLO gave new impetus to the Palestinian upris-

ing in the occupied territories.

step with the PLO caused grave

damage to peace, grave damage

to us. I think they prolonged the

Palestinians had been on the

ROME (Agencies) — Libya says that U.S. fighters "huzzed" a

Libyan airliner flying from Tripo-

li to Istanbul, Lihya's official

U.S. said it had no information of

The report by JANA, quoting

statement from the secretariat

of Lihya's general popular com-

mittee for communications and

maritime transport, said the inci-

communications air space and eo-

tered Athens communications air

The week before, U.S. jets

shot down two Libyan military

planes over the Mediterranean

attack was in self-defence, but

Libya said the U.S. aircraft lann-

The Libyan news agency said

that the captain of the Lihyan

ched a "premeditated" attack.

dent occurred Tuesday.

the incident.

verge of "giving up" before the Bush.

intifada," Shamir said.

"I must say that their recent

to a report Friday.

says he will likely unveil a peace PLO.

Shamir to unveil own

and Palestinians spoke, although she has said it was "shameful" that MKs could not meet the

The Knesset Wednesday narrowly rejected a bill aimed specifically at the four MKs travelling to Paris which would have limited their parliamentary immunity and made them liable to prosecution. Nabil Shaat, a member of the

direct contact with the Palestinian. Palestine National Council (PNC), told reporters a further meeting was planned between Knesset members and PLO officials at the Dutch capital the Hague Jan. 31.

Eliav, sitting an arm's length from Shaat, said the gap between the Israeli leadership and the PLO was closing.

"I know the day will come wheo the Israeli government will come to talk eye-to-eye with the

United States reversed its long-

standing han oo talks with the

specifie peace proposals that in-cluded his view of a final settle-

ment for the West Bank and

Gaza Strip but refused to reveal

his ideas, saying publicity would

"I'm thicking in complete

Washington. Aides said he is saying.

frameworks, but I do not think

that it is worthwhile today to

make any plan public because this

will kill it off... they will say 'no' and that's it," he said.

expected to travel to Washington

with U.S. President-elect George

and theo going behind the airliner

Shortly after, the statement

one from the right and the second

from the left, each about 16

kilometres from the airliner and

at about the same altitude. They

flew alongside the airliner for

about 14 mioutes, the statement

It added that the captain in-

According to JANA, Libya

also sent a protest to the Arah

Civil Aviatioo organisatioo and the International Civil Aviatioo

organisation, condemning the be-

haviour of the U.S. fighters

"which eodangered the safety of

complaint that any repeat of the

incident "will be considered a

threat against international air

navigation over the Mediterra-

Libya says U.S. jetfighters

'buzzed' its civilian airliner

.Tuesday.

said.

oews agency said Friday. But the said, two U.S. fighters appeared,

It said the Libyan airlines formed Athens air control.

Boeing 707 had just left Tripoli According to IANA I

invite Arab rejection. .

Shamir said he was developing

"We have to close the gap inch by inch. Today we have closed it by an inch. This is the first time an important PLO group has met with four members of the Knesset," he added.

Shaat and three other PLO officials applauded Eliav and another Knesset member, Shulamit Aloni. They returned the applause when Shaat, in a reference to the Biblical description of the Holy Land, said: "There's enough milk and hooey for both people."

#### British-PLO contacts

British Foreign Office Minister William Waldegrave was ex-pected to meet with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in Tunis later

The meeting, part of a British initiative to try to hring Middle East peace, will be the first ever between Arafat and a British

certain ideas, or even more than

that, when I go to Washington,"

Shamir was quoted as saying. In a sign of flexibility oo pro-

cedural questions, he said he

would welcome belp in arranging

the talks from U.N. Secretary-

General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

ing United Nations involvement

in negotiations.

Shamir said he would make his matter what its composition, is

ideas clear wheo he visited against us," he was quoted as

plane flying fast from right to left partment spokesman said: "We

But he was adamant in oppos-

"I will never trust any decisioo

made by the U.N. or by any U.N.

have checked with appropriate

authorities and have no know-

Arab League statement

Arah states denounced the

Uoited States Thursday for

shooting down two Libyan planes

last week and urged Washington

to refrain from taking any actions

League foreign ministers after an

emergency meeting coodemned the downing of the Lihyan planes

"as aggressioo against the secur-

ity and safety of a league memher

state and a threat to Arah secur-

ity and the security of the

It repeated that Arah states

were in complete solidarity with

Lihya and welcomed Lihya's

offer to solve its problems with.

the United States through nego-

A statement issued hy Arah

against Lihya.

Mediterranean.

Kahul.

ledge of such an incideot."

Waldegrave, who is a deputy to Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe, is responsible for Middle East affairs at the Foreign Office.

government minister.

Waldegrave said in a radio interview with the British Broadcasting Corporatioo from Tunis Thursday night that the PLO members were key players in any future negotiations.

Asked in the interview whether Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's government accepts Arafat's assurance — eodorsed hy the PNC — that the PLO has renounced violence as a solution, Waldegrave said: "I believe that Mr. Arafat and his advisers are sincere and I believe that the vote in Algiers was genuine."

He added: "I quite understand that the Israelis may well be sceptical. But the way to respond to that is for them to enter into dialogue and into oegotiations.

"This is perhaps our historical

destiny, or swim against the tide.

#### 'peace plan' in U.S. "It would be that I will propose pressure to talk with the PLO.

But we keep oo swimming. We have not drowned yet," he said. Egyptian President Hosoi Mubarak said Thursday he would pay a mooted visit to Israel only if Shamir was ready to make concessions to achieve Middle East.

"I cannot go to Israel, especially after Shamir announced that he will oot make any concessions on institution, because we know in land and does not accept the advance that any U.N. body, oo international conference..." the Middle East News Agency.

We are oot going there just to Shamir was sharply critical of drink tea or coffee or to spend a . He added that he believed the in late Fehruary or March to meet European countries for insisting good time there. Something that Israel speak with the PLO.
Shamir said Israel would resist
Middle East crisis." tangihle must be realised for the

## Warplanes collide;

damaged on the edge of the village of Wiesmoor by debris from the British Tornado but there were no civilian casualties, according to a Wiesmoor police spokesman.

The accident comes amid growing complaints among the West German public about the dangers to civilians from North Atlantic Treaty Organisation

Boun said the British plane flew into a group of eight Ger-man Alfajet fighters that were preparing to land at Wittmund air base near the town of Wies-

spokesman said the Tornado lane collided with two of the Alfajets, with one crashing into a Wiesmoor field and the other landing safely with damage. Wiesmoor Is ahout 80

kilometres northwest of the port city of Bremen. The pilot of the German jet that crashed was injured, he

said. The Tornado crashed into a field just outside Wiesmoor

while the German plane came down a few kilometres away, said the spokesman. It was not immediately clear whether the German pilot sus-

tained his injuries while ejecting from the airplane. The last major NATO plane crash occurred Dec. 8, when an

American warplane plunged into the central city of Remscheid, bursting into a ball of fire and killing six people.

### 2 more Palestinians killed

## Settlers storm **Hebron** market

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM Israeli cars. (Agencies) — An armed group of Jewish settlers clashed with Palestinians in the occupied West Bank Friday, and assailants believed to be Jewish militants smashed a monument to fallen Arah soldiers in Jerusalem.

Palestinian was killed by troops in Palestinian was killed by troops in a clash at the Dheishe refugee land of Israel and the Jewish camp near Bethlehem, doctors people." said. They said a hullet hit Nahil Mohammad Abu Laban in the shoulder and then pierced his heart.

Ahu Lahan was shot when protesters hurled stones at troops, a reporter said. The youth died at a hospital in Bethlehem.

Earlier Friday, a 15-year-old Palestinian died of wounds sustained in a clash with Israeli troops a day before, officials at Mukassed hospital in Arah Jerusalem said.

They said Mohammad Yaqub Shalhouh was shot in the head during a confrontation in the Nuseirat refugee camp in the occupied Gaza Strip. At least 360 Palestinians have

died to the 13-month uprising. Military sources said troops wounded two Palestinians io Hebron market after Palestinians hurled stooes at two Israelis walkup a clash that ensued, the sources said.

Residents said Jewish settlers from the Hebron area rampaged through the market, firing their weapons into the air apparently in anger over a few stone attacks on Israeli cars earlier in the day. They said the settlers warned

The monument to soldiers of the Arah Legion outside the Rockefeller Museum in Arah Jerusalem was partially smashed, police said. Police had no suspects.

Ao aoonymous caller told Also Friday, a 15-year-old Israel army radio the monument

Israeli army Chief of Staff Dan Shomroo said earlier this week that army efforts to put down the uprising were failing because the revolt is an expression of oatiooalistic spirit.

In the Gaza Strip, merchants began a seven-day commercial strike after leaders of the uprising called for the move in slogans painted on walls. The strike is to protest Israeli

raids to collect taxes from Palestinians. Non-payment of taxes is a major tactic of the uprising. Palestinian prisoners in the

Dhabariya military prison south of Hehroo sent a letter to their lawyers Friday complaining of harsh conditions and urging more visits, Palestinians said. The prisoners wrote of daily

psychological and physical pressures and health problems due to cold weather. The letter said ing there. Soldiers fired live many detainees in the prison, ammunition and tear-gas to hreak which houses Palestiniaos arrested in the uprising, had oot seen their lawyers in months. "You are the window to our

people. We ask you oot to stop your visits," Palestinians quoted the letter as saying. In the Gaza Strip, soldiers shot and wounded a 17-year-old pro-

tester in the Sba'ti refugee camp, merchants not to throw stones at hospital officials said.

### **Landmark** accord at vienna conterence

VIENNA (AP) - A landmark have credibility," Bauer ooted. humao rights and security accord was informally accepted Friday hy all 35 nations at the Helsinki review conference, but a Greek-Turkish dispute still blocked agreement on new East-West arms talks, diplomats said.

Agreement on the human rights and security accord came after more than two years of tough East-West hargaining at the Helsinki review conference, which opened in November 1986.

Western diplomats said the Vienna document, designed to strengthen contacts with the East and increase freedom in the Soviet hloc, was a major achieve-

The key test, however, will be whether the Soviet Union and its allies will go along with the new commitments allowing greater freedom of movement, information. religion and monitoring of government compliance with human rights accords. The Vienna document "refined

and defined the humanitarian undertakings in far greater detail than ever possible before," noted Canadian Ambassador William Baner, who played a prominent part in Western efforts to get good human rights agreements. Reforms in the Soviet Union played a major role in securing

the agreement, he and other Western diplomats noted. "We came with a clear concept

of what we wanted if we were to arms talks.

"It took looger than expected but we believe that that credibility is oow there." A final accord concluding the

Heisinki cooference cootinued to be blocked Friday by the impasse between Greece and Turkey over a disputed Turkish port in the Eastern Mediterraneao.

That dispute has prevented negotiators from the 16 NATO and seven Warsaw Pact nations from initialing a mandate on new East-West talks on reducing conventional troops and weapons across Europe.

The mandate is supposed to be included in the final accord of the Helsinki conference. The conference is supposed to

wind up next week with a threeday closing ceremony attended by foreign ministers from all the signatories of the 1975 Helsinki final act — the Soviet Union, the United States, Canada and all European nations except Alhania.

If the impasse hetween Greece and Turkey is hroken, the final document, including the mandate, could be accepted in a special public meeting Saturday, diplomats said.

Turkey had agreed with the Soviet Union that the Eastern Mediterranean port of Mersin, which is close to the border with Syria, should not be included in the zooe for the new East-West

### Bush wants no 'kiss and tell' books from cabinet

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -President-elect George Bush, out to avoid some of Ronald Reagan's problems, said Thursday he wants his cahinet to think big, challenge the system, main-tain lofty ethical standards and forswear "kiss and tell" books.

Bush issued his orders after bringing his first team to full strength by nominating retired navy admiral James Watkins to be energy secretary and former Education Secretary William Bennett to lead the government's war on drug abuse. "I'm going to tell them to think

big, I'm going to tell them to challenge the system, I'm going to tell them to ... adhere to the highest ethical standards (and) I'm going to tell I doo't like kiss and tell books," he said when a reporter asked what he would tell

Bush has chosen the following persons to serve in his cahinet, subject to Senate confirmation:

James Baker --- secretary of state Nicholas Brady — treasury John Tower — defence Richard Thornhurgh — attorney

general Robert Moshacher — commerce Lauro Cavazos — education Claytoo Yeutter - agriculture

Jack Kemp — housing and urban development Louis Sullivan -- health and buman services

Manuel Lujan - interior Elizabeth Dole — labour Samuel Skinner — transportation Edward Derwinski — veterans James Watkins - eoergy

John Sununu - White House chief of staff.

angered by the portraits and slogans, attacked the Sikhs, the spokesman said. The fighting was halted by police, who opened fire at least four times, the spokesman said. was met hy Afghan Foreign Minister Abdol Wakil and other officials including Yuli Voront-

#### airliner observed a U.S. fighter In Washington, a Defence De-Shevardnadze visits Kabul had reopened a main supply line

Sea. U.S. authorities said the the airliner." Libya said in its

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardoadze arrived in the Afghan capital Friday, official Radio Kabul said, a month before Moscow is due to complete the withdrawal of its troops from the country.

The radio report, monitored in the Pakistan capital Islamabad, said Shevardnadze was met at the airport by government officials. It gave no further details of the

previously unannounced visit. Earlier, in a hrief dispatch. the Soviet news agency TASS said Shevardnadze was on a working visit to Afghanistan but gave no details. It reported that Shevardnadze

sov, the Soviet amhassador to Kabul who has conducted oegotiations with Afghan rebels .-Earlier, the agency reported Afghan rebels and government deadline.

forces, and said the government

to the capital of Kahul, cut by heavy snow and rebel attacks. In addition, it reported that a carbomh allegedly detonated by

Afghan rebels in the city of Herat had killed or maimed about 20 people Wednesday.

Uoder the terms of last April's U.N.-spoosored agreement, Moscow is to pull the remaining

half of its troops out of Afghanistan by Feb. 15. Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Vladimir Petrovsky repeated Soviet assertions Friday that Moscow would adhere to the

provisions of the accord. "This is a decisive period for a settlement of the Afghan question," he told a news conference. "Will a politically constructive spirit prevail or will the opinion for a military solution pre-

Vorontsov said earlier this week that Moscow might not be heavy fighting between the able to keep to the withdrawal

Vorontsov, who is also first

deputy foreign minister, has met rebel leaders and exiled Afghan King Zahir Shah in an attempt to forge an agreement on a new hroad-hased government in

Rebel leaders hroke off talks with Vorontsov Monday, saying there would be no more negotiations notil all Soviet troops had left the country.
Pakistani Prime Minister Be-

tan wanted a political rather than a military settlement in Afghanistan. But she said on her return from a historic religious trip to Saudi Arabia that the final decision

nazir Bbutto said Thursday Pakis-

the war lay with the Afghan "Pakistan thinks it will be very good-if a political rather than a military solution is found," Bhutto fold a news conference.

about the form of a settlement of

She said she expected Moscow to complete the withdrawal of its troops in Afghanistan hy the Feh. 15 deadline.

# 2 killed

BREMEN, West Germany (AP) — A British Tornado warplane collided with two West German jet fighters just outside a northern village Friday, killing the two British crewmen and injuring a German pilot, police said.

Several houses were slightly

(NATO) training flights over this densely populated country. A spokesman at the West German Defence Ministry in

moor. The Defence Ministry

Carbomb kills six in Beirut

## Thousands trapped in militia crossfire in South Lebanon

KFAR FILA, Lebanon (Agencies) — Thousands of civilians caught in the cross-fire of bitter militia fighting cowered in their homes in South Lebanon Friday as a carbomb blasted the suburbs of Beirut to

Rival militias fought across the battered southern hilltop town of Juhah, where many of its 6,000 inhabitants remained buddled for safety behind stone and coucrete walls.

In the southern suburbs of Beirut, a carbomb caused dozens of casualties when it exploded at 3:15 p.m. (1315 GMT). The Voice of Lebanon radio said it killed six people.

The bomh went off as followers of the pro-Iranian Hizboliah movement paraded through the streets to protest against the bitter fighting between Hizbollah and its rival Amal militia in southern Lebanon.

Eyewitnesses said, however, the demonstrators were unscathed by the blast, which hit local residents.

As the fighting in South Lebaissued its strongest condemnation so far of the conflict which has killed at least 116 people and wounded 130 in the past two

"Both (sides) are committing murder and the Islamic Republic (of Iran) is disgusted," Iranian Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani was quoted as saying by fran's IRNA news

Mediation efforts by Iran and

Joseph Kennedy II

Kennedy II

flexibility

dle East peace.

sees Mideast

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) — U.S. Congressman Joseph P. Kennedy II said Friday

that his private talks with Palesti-

nians and Israelis suggest there is

flexibility on both sides for Mid-

"There seems to be an en-

couraging amount of common

ground between the Palestinians

and Israelis," Kennedy told the

He added: "Despite the public

positions, if you take people at

their word, there is a lot that

long meeting with fsraeli Prime

Kennedy began the day with a

breakfast meeting at the home of

U.S. Counsel General Philip Wil-

cox with Palestinians from the

A Palestinian who attended the

see the issues dealt with."

Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

occupied territories.

Israel's existence.

killed 116 people and wounded 488, by police count. The blast occurred balf an hour after thousands of Hizbollah sup-

porters demonstrated against Amal, the police spokesman said. of violence as Amal and Hizbol-The spokesman said Hizbollah battle it out for dominance lah's demonstrators, including over Lehanon's 1.5 million bundreds of women clad in the

There were 20 carbomb explo-

sions in Lebanon last year that

a much greater disaster with plen-

ty of more casualties," said the

The placard-wielding protes-ters chanted "Death to America,

the great satan" and "Death to

Berri" as they marched through

the street of Bir Al Abed after

protest what it termed "the

murderous military adventure"

to evict Hizbollah from South

by Amal's chieftain Nahih Berri

Witnesses said the bomb

gouged a deep crater, wrecked

about 20 cars, shattered windows

in nearby buildings and sent hal-

cony railings crashing into the

Reuter photographer Jamal Al

Saidi who was at the scene in the

Roweiss district said: "ft was a very

big explosion. There is a big fire

raging in the area. Black smoke is

shrouding the scene. There is a

bysterical state among people

saying he might produce "certain

ideas, or even more than that,"

during a visit to the United States

hut not a formal peace plan. Shamir said the Arabs would

almost inevitably reject a ready-

made plan from him and he saw

to possibility for elections in the

occupied territories in the current

Baz said Israel had failed in

He said Israel might announce

efforts to recruit "puppets" in the

a sort of "autonomy" in the West

Bank and Gaza but this would he

"a ridiculous comedy in the cur-

rent context and, in the best

Baz also said Shamir's coali-

tion, formed last month after

November elections, was "more

precarious than its predecessor,

powerless to take decisions on the

big political and other issues, and

hypothesis, a poultice on a

occupied territories.

wooden leg.

cannot last."

Hizbollah called the parade to

Friday's noon prayers.

Lebanon.

**Baz: Israeli coalition** 

precarious, powerless

black chadors that cover them Amal called a strike Friday in from bead to toe, had disareas it controlled, shutting appeared from the streets when shops, businesses and schools to e carbomb went off. protest against what it said were "If it bappened during the de-Hizbollah atrocities in the fightmonstration, it would have been

ing in the south.

The two groups, with opposing religious and political affiliations. are fighting for control of the Iqlim Al Tufah region, a staging area for guerrilla attacks on Israel and its self-declared border 'security zone.'

Witnesses said rival gurmen in Jubah were fighting from abandoned houses and on rooftops across the maze of narrow, twisting alleys in the small market

They said food was running low non went into its 14th day, fran and water and electricity had

"Corpses are littering the alleys... it is ferocious hattle,' said one militiamen who returned from the town.

Friday's explosion in Beirut triggered fires in Bir Al Abed's Roweiss district that gutted shops and parked cars, according to a police spokesman. There was no immediate claim

of responsibility for the car bombing in Beirut, the first in Syria have so far failed to halt a Lebanon this year.

CAIRO (R) — A top Egyptian

official has rejected in advance

what he said was a probable

Israeli plan for "autonomy" and elections in the occupied West

Osama Al Baz, political advis-

er to President Hosni Muharak,

also said in an interview pub-

lished Friday that Israel's coaltion

government was unlikely to last

and there could be fresh elections

He said be expected Israel to

announce proposals aimed at di-

verting attention from peace

efforts by the Palestine Libera-

"Israel will for example prop-

ose bolding elections in the occu-

nied territories to choose Palesti-

nian representatives with whom it

can negotiate," Baz told the

French-language Journal d'E-

gypte.
"But why elections in the mid-

dle of uprising and when the

tion Organisation (PLO).

Bank and Gaza Strip.

this year.

## Hoss welcomes Arab League move to end Lebanese strife

BEIRUT (Agencies) — The civilian cabinet in Lebanon's dual government Friday welcomed a new effort by foreign ministers of Arab states to belp in ending the country's 13-year civil war.
"We welcome the Arah initiative... we place all

our capabilities at the disposal of the Arab committee," acting Prime Minister Salim Hoss, who heads the civilian cabinet, said in a statement. Foreign ministers from the Arab League de-

cided Thursday at a meeting in Tunis to set up a seven-member committee — chief diplomats from six Arab states and Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi — to belp the warring Lebanese factions resolve their problems.

"We bope the new Arah initiative succeeds in it mission... and reaches positive results which will belp us end the crisis," Hoss said.

Lebanon has had no president, no speaker of parliament and two rival governments since Amin Gemayel ended his six-year term as head of state last September. fts army is also divided.

A military cabinet headed by army commander Michel Aoun has been struggling for power with the Hoss government in Lebanon's deepest political crisis since independence in 1941.

A statement from the foreign ministers' meeting in Tunis gave no indication when the contact group Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz of Iraq said at the

end of the meeting in Tunis that an Arab summit would be held in the near future on the Lebanon There was unanimity on the necessity to have

such a summit as soon as possible," Aziz told reporters, adding that no date had been set. In the meantime, the foreign ministers created another six months.

the special committee and gave it the mission of making "contact with all of the Lebanese parties" to get their ideas on "the solution to the Lebanese

Aziz said the council "prefers not to broach the fundamental problems of the Lebanese crisis, which he said could only be dealt with by the chiefs of staff.

Consequently, he said, the recommendations that will be adopted by the committee, after examination by the council, should be put before a

The committee is headed by Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Jaber Al Sabah, and includes the foreign ministers from Tunisia, Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, Algeria and Sudan.

Lebanon wants UNIFIL to stav

Lebanese leaders are unanimous in wanting the mandate of the United Nations Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL) to be renewed, U.N. envoy

Marrack Goulding said Thursday.
"Everyone has told me that they value UNI-FIL's presence in Lebanon. All the leaders have confirmed their desire that the mandate of UNI-FIL should be extended," said Goulding, assistant secretary general for political affairs.

He was speaking after meeting Aoun, bead of the military administration. He earlier met Hoss in west Beirut. Official sources said Aoun told Goulding that be

would send a memorandum asking the U.N. Security Council to extend UNIFIL's mandate for

## **Denktash outlines vision** of settlement in Cyprus

will be bououring the new settle-

"They are right. They are per-

feetly right, because nobody but

nobody among you dared to say

"Stop" to your leaders who de-

clared "No good" those agree-

ments which had been mutually

signed with great enthusiasm in

1960. The 1960 agreements gave

us partnership rights, precluded

the island's union with another

country and contained guarantees

making the independence perma-

nent. Those agreements, together

with the constitution, were de-clared "dead and buried" and the

government, which was legal so

long as the two peoples partici-

pated and worked jointly, was

We claim that the government

in the South, which is one hun-

dred per ceut Greek Cypriot, is

not "the rightful Government of

Cyprus." That is a fact legally,

morally and from the point of

view of realities. For the past 25

years, there bas heen no Govern-

ment representing the two peo-

ples in Cyprus. Your leaders,

from the joint legal partnership Government, denied the Turkish Cypriots all their rights until

1974. After 1974 we effected an

exchange of population and thus

saved ourselves from heing

pushed around and looked down

upon. In 1975 we set up the

federated state. Your leaders did

not recognise that either. We

said: "Form your own federated

state and let us then discuss the

powers of the central government and other questions." They re-

jected our proposal and said they

who by force of arms broke away

usurped by force of arms.

Following are major excerpts from a speech made by Rauf Denktash, president of the Turkish Republic of North Cyprus to the Cypriot Greek Community broadcast on Jan. 6 on the Turkish Cypriot

"I want to address you tonight in a special way. On Monday we start the second round of the talks with your leader Mr. Vassiliou. As you know, in the first round

we expressed our respective An exchange of views of this size has been possible for the first time since 1977. To talk with the Turkish Cypriot side and to come to terms with them was no part of Mr. Kyprianou's policy. He pre-ferred to maintain the title of The Legal Government of Cyprus.' And thus he wasted 10

whole years that were your loss. For 5 years from 1963 to 1968 Makarios, too, evaded talks with the Turkish side.

"f am one of those who believe that one cannot proceed to the future without reckoning the past... If we, as Turkish Cypriots, are to reenter into a political partnership with you, we have to consider what you as our partners did to us in the past. We have to find a way so as to prevent you from repeating your past performance, and we have to insist on the essential guarantees for the purpose.

"I daresay you would bave done the same if you had been in our position.

Some say 'Let us forget the past and look to the future'. Mr. Vassiliou says it to me quite

"We do not remember the past in order to arouse enmity towards you. Every bousebold cannot forget its sufferings because it has bad its fair share of unforgettable pain, and every Turkish Cypriot is preoccupied with the question: "If there is a settlement with the Greek Cypriots will they attempt to repeat what they did to us in the past?" For that reason he wants effective guarantees for the future.

"If you are not aware of these concerns and suspicions of the Turkish Cypriots, then you cannot possibly understand the necessity for the protective measures we seek for the future. What we really want is for you to understand us. Indeed, we cannot reach a mutual result if we fail to appreciate our respective concerns

asking the question whether you

International conferences can-

not solve the Cyprus problem in

lead us anywhere.

"Unilateral decisions can never

"We will solve it and we have the prescription how to do it. "In the partnership republic we established jointly we could live in an intermixed manner. Your

leaders did not give a chance to coexistence because they considered our rights, powers and guarantees an obstacle to Enosis. After 11 years of torture we gathered in two zones. This fact was taken as a hasis in 1977 and a bizonal federation agreement concluded. Population moved from one

side to the other. Since 1955, that was the third migration for the majority of the Turks.

We wanted no more migration, no more friction.

"I am told that you are afraid Turkey will invade the south of the island too. I don't believe that because you know very well that Turkey has no such plan. If Turkey had such a policy she would have taken advantage to her on a silver platter back in 1974. It would have been child's play to apply the plan then... and if your leaders had any such concern they would have grasped like a life-saver the Turkish guarantee which still they keep on rejecting. They keep on rejecting for the simple reason that these are the very guarantees which hinder Enosis in every way ... If you had any such concern, you would have agreed to a reciprocal nonaggression treaty, which I proposed several times, and in the easy atmosphere created by such treaty we could have proceeded to a reciprocal reduction of arms and troops. Instead, you exhibit to us the arms which have cost you millions of Cyprus pounds. You surrender these arms into the complete control of Greek Generals and make them boast that you will one day boist the Greek flag in Kyrenia. You are trying to intimidate us by recruiting women and Maronites into your national guard.

"You do not appreciate that Cyprus is our home country, too, and that to protect the island is as much our right as it is yours.

"I thought that if we could talk about the past with an open heart, we could arrange a better future for all of us. So, f shall consider myself happy if by this address I have been able to make you ponder, even if just a little.

897467

### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Palestine to open embassy in Malaysia

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — The newly-proclaimed Palestinian state will open an embassy in Malaysia next month, an official of the ruling Malay Party said Friday. The embassy would be opened during the visit of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official Farouk Qaddoumi, the official Bernama news agency quoted Mustafa Yaakub, the United Malays National Organisation Party's head of international affairs, as saying.

### Maghreb summit to be held in Rabat

TUNIS (R) - The beads of state of the five Maghreb countries will meet in Rabat in the next few weeks, Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali has told his cabinet. Ibn Ah said Thursday that personal representatives of the leaders of Libya, Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco and Mauritania would first hold a preparatory meeting in Tunis, a cabinet statement published Friday said. The summit in the Moroccan capital would be the first since Inne last year, when the beads of state met near Algiers and agreed to work towards creating a greater Arab Maghreb.

#### Van Den Broek to visit Iran

THE HAGUE (AP) — Dutch Foreign-Minister Hans van den Broek will visit Iran from March 6-9, the Foreign Ministry sald Thursday, ending several months of uncertainty over when the projected trip would take place. No agenda has been announced for the visit, the first to Iran by a Dutch foreign minister since 1974. However, a key issue during the trip is likely to be Iran's human rights record and recent reports that the government of Ayatoliah Ruhollah Khomeini continues to execute political opponents.

### Iraq reveals N. Yemenis fought against Iran

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein revealed Thursday that a North Yemeni brigade fought with Iraqi troops in Baghdad's eight-year war against Iran. Baghdad Radio said Hussein decorated North Yemeni members of the Brigade of Arabism and 53 of its soldiers killed in battle with one of Iraq's highest awards. It quoted the president as telling the brigade that its members fought to defend Iraq because they felt it was their national duty to defend Arab land threatened by Iran. "When the Yemenis fought together with us, we did not look at them as one brigade but we saw in them as a presence for the whole Arab Nation," be said. He said he highly appreciated the decision of North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleb to send troops to Iraq.

### Algeria threatens to bar Britons

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria has threatened to turn away more British visitors if Britain discriminates against Algerians by denying them entry, the official news agency APS said. It said that numerous Algerians were mistreated while held overnight in jail in Britain before being sent back. A British diplomatic source said about 20 Britons were refused entry at Algiers airport last year but the situation seemed to have improved in the last two months. APS said the Britons were harred in retaliation for a sudden increase in the number of Algerians stopped from entering Britain. Citizens do not need visas to travel between Britain and Algeria.

#### Bhutto returns home

ISLAMABAD (AP) - Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto returned Thursday from a Muslim pilgrimate to Saudi Arabia and talks with King Fahd. Bhutto told reporters at Islamahad airport that she and the Saudi monarch had an "extended" discussion on the Afghanistan situation, as well as Palestine, the Iran-Iraq war and Lebanon. She did not say whether the two countries would pressure Afelian rebels to accept a political settlement before Soviet forces leave Afghanistan, scheduled for Feb. 15.

### ADC: AIPAC violated U.S. election law

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. lobby for Israel violated American election law by failing to register as a political action committee, an Arab-American organisation said Thursday. The American Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) announced the filing of a complaint with the Federal Election Commission (FEC), asking for an investigation of the activities of the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC) and 25 pro-Israel political action committees (PACs). The complaint alleges that AIPAC made illegal contributions to federal election campaigns, failed to disclose its affiliation with the 25 pro-Israel PACs and made excessive campaign contributions in 1984, 1986 and 1988.

### Eriterean rebels warn Ethiopia

ABU DHABI (AP) - An Eriterean rebel leader Thursday warned Ethiopia that the civil war will move inside its territory if it goes ahead with a partition plan of the Eriterian southern province. "Eriterian commandos will move the war inside Ethiopia and its capital in particular if the Ethiopian regime goes ahead with its plan to divide Eriteria," said Mohammad Othman Abu Bakr, Gulf representative of the Eriterian Liberation Front, the unified group for the rebels. In a statement bere Thursday, Abu Bakr said the United States, West Europe and the Soviet Umon have called on Addis Ababa to seek a solution acceptable by all parties. President Mengistu Haile Mariam proposed the plan for dividing the Eriterian province into two states Muslims and one for Christians - as an attempt to end 26 years of

### Boycott panel drops U.S., Japanese firm

DAMASCUS (AP) - The 60th meeting of the Arab Boycott of Israel Committee ended Thursday with a decision to drop the Japanese Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation and the American Baxter Travenol Laboratories Inc. from its hlacklist, while adding the first Soviet firm among others. The decision to drop certain companies from the list will be in effect after it is confirmed that these companies stop doing husiness with Israel, the committee said in its announcement. Others taken off the blacklist include the German Accumulatorenfabrik Somenschein GMBH, Osborn International GMBH, Pleuger Unterwasser-pumpen GMBH and the Swiss Moutier Machines Holding (MMH) and Tornos Bechler S.A. ft also dropped the American Turbine Services Ltd and Konica Camera corporation, India's Micro Labs Private Ltd, Italy's Nuova Fulgorcavi SPA Fulgorcavi SPA and Holland's Sonnenchein Nederland B.V. The committee office also said a partial boycott was also called for against a Russian firm for the first time: Licensintorg, a subsidiary of the Pierre Cardin. The firm's contacts with Israel could not be immediately confirmed.

# of American pilot

The body was to be handed over to U.S. officials upon the arrival of the Libyan military plane at Rome's Ciampino airport, said the Vatican. ft added it was acting as an intermediary for bumanitarian

Joaquin Navarro, chief Vatican spokesman, said the papal representance in Tripoli, Monsignor Giovanni Martinelli, accepted the remains and accompanied them on the flight.

session said that Kennedy was told that "the message of the Intifada is that Palestinians want liberty, but not at the expense of

# Libya returns body

return the body of captain Paul Lorence 31, of San Francisco,

#### would encourage - at least with the Gaza Strip and, perhaps, with the West Bank as well — that there is a real determination to The Massachusetts Democrat made the remarks after an hour-

and opinions.

#### He added: "ft is not excluded Palestinian people has always stressed that its exclusive reprethat during 1989 new legislative sentative is the PLO?" he asked. elections will take place, with or without changes in the electoral

ROME (Agencies) — Libya turned over the body of a U.S. pilot killed in the 1986 U.S. raid on Tripoli to a Vatican envoy, and the airman's remains were flown to Rome Friday, the Holy See

The official Libyan news agency JANA, monitored in London and Rome, did not identify the pilot in reports Friday. But JANA said last Dec. 24 that Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi was offering to

## Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir was quoted Friday as system.

were the government of the whole of Cyprus. We waited until "Wheo we realised that with their intransigent attitude and policy they had no intention of sharing authority with us, and reaching a settlement, we had to proclaim the TRNC. Neither did they recognise that. "But in Cyprus we exist, just as you exist. If there is going to be

In this context, there are bi-The Turkish Cypriots are lateral agreements to show us the

Al Salam

peace, we will make it together -

we and you, coming to terms and

compromising under equal condi-

## JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

### Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE ...... Koran Programme review Children programme Arabic series . Educational programme The Friends 18: IS News in Arabic

JORDAN TELEVISION

News in Arabi

:30 :30 :30	La Vie En Pann News in Hebre News in Arabi Paul Daniel's Magic Sho Alfred Hitchcoel Saturday Variety Sho News in English Feature film: "One cooks, the
20	Feature film: "One cooks, the other doesn't"
	PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES

rch Tel. 624590.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. tien Orthodox Church Tel. raim Church Tel. 771751. International Church Tel. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 211295.

Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

will be partly cloudy with northerly moderate wind and calm sea. Yesterday's high lumperatures: Amman 11, Aquba 18. Humidity readings: Amman 50 per cent, Aquba 36 per

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Ibrahim Abu Hamid ..... 

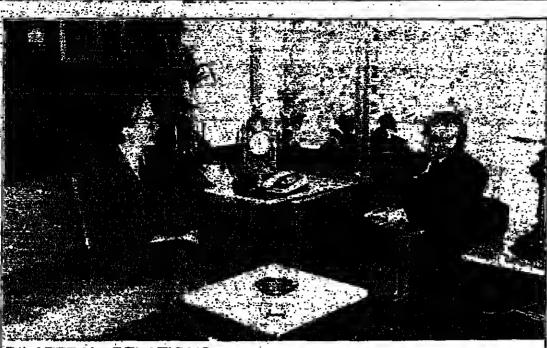
**USEFUL TELEPHONE** 

**EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Directorate ...... 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Highway Police Traffic Police Highway
Traffic Police
Public Security Directorate
655000 / 685111
605800

Radio Jordan ... Water Authority Electric Power HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Malhae, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisam Hospital University Hospital Al-Muacher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Zarga Govt. Hospital ...... Zarga National Hospital .... (09)983323 Poncess Bassa Hospital (02)272555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Iba Al Nafers Hospital (02)247160 AQABA: AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital ..... (03)314111

MARKET PRICES



BILATERAL RELATIONS: Japan's reviewed Jordanian-Japanese cooperation in diffe or to Jordan Makoto Watanabe was rent fields. Lawzi presented his condol received Thursday by Speaker of the Upper House death of Emperor Hirohito.
of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi with whom he



A government-appointed ministerial committee Thursday tours the Jordan Valley region to assess

## Ministerial committee assesses damage caused by frost in Jordan Valley

SOUTH SHUNEH (Petra, J.T.) said. But be added that marrows, minimise the damage that might - A three-member ministerial potatoes, sweet pepper, eggplant, result from future bad weather committee on Thursday toured beans and bananas which are the conditions, Lawzi noted. He areas of the Jordan Valley region affected by the recent wave of frost and is preparing a detailed report on the extent of crop damage to be submitted to the bouses were severely affected becouncil of ministers.

Ministers of Agriculture Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber, Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Marwan : Hmoud and Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs Zuhair Ajlouni made the inspection tour accompanied by local officials and agricultural experts and representatives of the local farmers. They inspected the crops and fruit trees which sustained damages in the recent bad weather conditions and talked to farmers and vegetable growers on the current situation.

Ministry of Agriculture's Secretary General Salem Al Lawzi, who accompanied the ministers on their tour, said that the frost wave caused severe damage to crops specially bananas, but the damage was most extensive in Wadi Al Yabis and Adasieb in the north.

Lawzi said that the southern regions sustained less damage. A total of 18,500 dunums planted with vegetables and bananas were dealt a severe blow as a result of the frost, Lawzi | tions in the Soviet Union.

main crops grown in the valley were hardest hit.

Lawzi said even crops grown under plastic cover and in greencause temperatures on some days dropped below zero celsius especially at Wadi Al Yahis.

He noted that in some areas between 20 and 50 per cent damage was caused, which means that crops can continue to grow hut would not yield good barvest.

The Ministry of Agriculture and the Department of Meteorology are now maintaining close cooperation to forecast weather conditions and provide assistance and guidance to the farmers to the extent of damage.

urged farmers to abide by the Ministry of Agriculture's cropping pattern systems and to grow certain types that would be the least affected by frost specially in the northern parts of the Jordan

The Agriculture Credit Corporation (A'CC) announced in the past week that it intends to belp Jordan Valley farmers make up for their losses incurred as a result of the damage to their crops. It announced that a rescheduling of farmers loans will be made and the government will be presented with a full report on

## 3,000 Jordanians study in Soviet Union

MOSCOW (Petra) - The cultural attache at the Jordanian embassy here has reported that nearly 3,000 Jordanian students are presently enrolled at various Soviet universities and that nearly 120 Jordanians are annually enrolling at different educational institu-

Gbazi Balqaz said that Jordanian students are studying at nearly 50 universities and higher institutes of learning and that he was keeping in touch with them to identify their problems and ensure their well-being. Most of the students are pursuing studies in medicine, mechanical and aeronautical engineering, Balqaz

He said that most students face

the problem of accommodation,

since they all want to live and

study in main cities which can

provide very limited lodging faci-

lities. In Moscow, where most of

these studeots are gathered, there

is only one single hotel which

offers lodging for students, and so

at least four students find them-

selves living in one hotel room

due to the lack of sufficient space,

The Ministry of Education con-

tinues to send students on scho-

larships to acquire higher educa-

tion in the Soviet Union, and

during their stay students must not

get married to non-Jordanians,

according to Ministry of Educa-

tico regulations, Balgaz pointed

He said that in the event a

student violated this rule his scho-

larship would be immediately ter-

minated and he would be re-

quested to pay all the sums spent

According to Balqaz, a student

in the Soviet Union does not need

more than \$600 annually and he

advised parents not to send their

children excessive sums since, he

said, this will adversely affect

on his education.

their studies.

Balgaz added.

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

**WHAT'S GOING ON** 

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- \* An exhibition of works by Contemporary Arab Artists at Al
- \* The Iraqi Cultural Week which includes an exhibition by the Iraqi artist Salam Al Madamgheh and an exhibition of children's paintings and children's literary and cultural books, at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- An exhibition entitled "New Museum Buildings in the Federal Reepublic of Germany" at the Yarmouk University - 11:00 M.TB.
- A plastic art exhibition by Mohammad Kamal, Samar Al Sabe' and Nibal Saleh at the Housing Bank Gallery.
- An exhibition of photos and videos on "La Defense", a new district in Paris which became a symbol of architectural
- creativity, at the French Cultural Centre. Yugoslav graphic art exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre.

### BAZAAR.

 A charity bazaar that includes wooden handicrafts, embroideries, artificial flowers, children's toys and cultural books at Ala'a Centre, Hittin Refugee Camp.

### LECTURE

\* Lecture by Ammar Khammash on the joint German-Jordanian renovation project at Umm Qeis at the Goethe Institute - 7:00

### **UNESCO** on Jordan's educational reforms AMMAN (Petra) - Deputy and the Arab representatives in Prime Minister and Minister of particular who requested that

Hindawi reports to

Education Thougan Hindawi Thursday returned home after taking part in an international educational conference organised by the United Nations Education-

al, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) in Geneva.
In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the minister said that be submitted to the conference a plan being carried out by the Ministry of Education here to modernise and promote education in the Kingdom in implementation of a national educational conference held here in

The minister's address to the conference also contained an outline of Jordan's achievements in the educational fields and included an appeal to the interna-

backed by all delegates in general of computers.

particular who requested that UNESCO keep Jordan's address as a reference document.

During his stay in Geneva. Hindawi met with UNESCO's director general to discuss Jordan's cooperation with the organisation and UNESCO's programmes to safeguard Jordan's cultural heritage. The UNESCO chief has expressed desire to come to Jordan and meet with His Majesty King Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime Minister Zaid Rifai to discuss future coopera-non, Hindawi said.

He said that his stay in Geneva offered him the chance to meet with other ministers attending the conference tn discuss bilateral cooperation in educational fields. tional community to take mea- Hindawi said that his meeting sures that would ensure that with his French counterpart was Palestinians living under Israeli devoted to prospects for upgrad-rule enjoy full rights to free ing the teaching of French language in Jordan and France's Jordan's views presented to the assistance to the Kingdom in conference. Hindawi noted, were training school children in the use

Minister urges active media role

### Khasawneh, newsmen visit Sahab Industrial City

industrial cities in Salt, Karak, and Tafileb in view of the increased demand on industries in the Kingdom and in the wake of successes by industrial businesses in the Sahab Industrial City on the outskirts of Amman, JIEC Director General Fayez Subeimat

announced Thursday.

Speaking during a tour of iodustrial businesses at Sahab by
Minister of Information Hani Al Khasawneb and representatives of the press and information media, Suheimat said that industrial cities were needed to contribute to the development of local communities, create new jobs that would reduce unemployment and attract people away from major cities.

The Sahah Industrial City, which was established in 1980, provides facilities for investors. basic services and utilities, and bas a vocational training centre set up with the help of the European Community to turn out skilled workers for industry. Since the government issued its

economic measures last August, there bas been a noticeable increase in the demand to set up industrial businesses in the Kingdom, Suheimat noted.

He said that the JIEC bas been providing buildings at reduced rent, infrastructure and back up facilities to encourage investors. He said that since last August's measures a total of 37 new industries sprang up at Sahab Industrial City with a total capital of JD 12 million. The Sahab Industrial industries.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Jordan Industrial Estates Cothouses 140 industries with an overall capital of JD 67 million.

providing jobs for 4,000 people. Factories set up at Sahab, Suheimat pointed out, are for food, electrical appliances, plas-tic, leather and rubber products, chemical and textile industries furniture, paper and medicine, among others.

In 1988, Sahab Industrial City witnessed the start of 57 indus-tries against six in 1982, which prompted the JIEC to embark on the second stage in Sahah, Subeimat said. He said that the JIEC has also started work on an industrial city in Irbid near the University of Science and Tech-

nology.

The minister of information of the press spoke at a gathering of the press during the tour underlining the role of the press in spreading and the need to develop national industries. Jordanians bave no alternative hut to huild their own economy and invest in industries. Jordanian industry has proved that it can compete with that of foreign countries, depending on local skilled manpower and determination to enhance the national economy, the minister asserted.

Snbeimat presented the minister with the JIEC shield in recognition of the information media's contributions to the general effort to promote the national industry. Later, Suheimat, accompanied the minister and representatives of the press and radio and television on a tour of Sahab's main

### Jordan, Egypt conclude extradition protocol

Egypt have concluded a protocol. paving the way for bilateral cooperation in combating drugs and the extradition of criminals.

The protocol was signed in Cairo by Public Security Department (PSD) Director General Abdul Hadi Al Majali and officials at the Egyptian Ministry of Interior. According to the Jordan

CAIRO (Petra) - Jordan and News Agency, Petra, the accord will pave the way also for further facilities for travel between Jordan and Egypt and entry of trucks loaded with goods to either country.

Majali on Thursday met officials at the Interior Ministry in Cairo and was briefed on its programmes and development of security services.

### **NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

PSD CHIEF RETURNS: Public Security Director General Abdul Hadi Al Majali returned home Friday after a week-long visit to Cairo where he took part in the Second Arab Strategic Conference, and concluded an agreement for security cooperation with Egypt. Uoder the accord Jordan and Egypt will cooperate in the field of combatting narcotics and extradition of criminals. Majali also beld talks with his Egyptian counterpart on means of organising the movement of people and vehicles between the two countries.

HUNTING SEASON BEGINS: The Hunting Committee of the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature has announced the opening of the bunting season in Al Azraq region effective Friday Jan. 13, 1989. The season ends in late March and includes bunting ducks, geese, and squirrels. The committee urged those willing to practice the bunting hobby to check with it so as to get instruction and information related to bunting in Al Azraq regioo. (Petra)

GRAPHIC ART: A six-day Yngoslav graphic art exhibition was opened Thursday at the Royal Cultural Centre. The exhibition contains 38 pieces of art depicting various aspects of Yngoslav life.

AGRICULTURE COURSE CONCLUDES: A seven-day course on the basic principles of agriculture was concluded Thursday at the Madaba centre for social services. The twenty participants attended lectures and practical exercises on agricultural projects, gardening, pruning of trees, and breeding of poultry. (Petra)

30,000 SAPLINGS: The agriculture department in Karak Governorate has finished digging about 30,000 holes in various forestation areas so as to plant them with various types of saplings. (Petra) HOTEL MARKETING: Thirty employees from hotels in Amman.

Agaba, and Petra, in addition to a number of Tourism Ministry employees have participated in a three-day seminar on hotel marketing which concluded Thursday in Amman. (Petra)



'Shamir has no peace plan'

## Lord Plumb ends visit, pledges Europe will pursue peace efforts

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The president of the European Parliament reaffirmed Thursday that the Middle East issue will be "very high" on the European Parliament's agenda and all efforts will be geared towards bringing peace to the

Addressing reporters at a press conference, Lord Plumb said that the European Parliament and the council of ministers will continue to press Israel to accept "the proper representation by Palestinians, probably to include the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) when their question (is being) dealt with."

Lord Plumb, who left Jordan early Friday morning, noted that choosing the Palestinian representatives is the responsibility of the PLO, "but on our part, we will not wait for the technical points to be cleared out, rather we will encourage starting nego-tiations as soon as possible."

He said that he stressed in his speech to the Israeli Knesset that the prevailing situation in the region could only escalate violence in the occupied territories and that Israel must be part of the

'My main thrust bere, as it was in Israel, is to pursue a peace plan. Time is not necessarily on our side. (PLO Chairman Yasser) Arafat took a stand and said be was willing to come to the negotiating table... Europe can and will make considerable contribution to this peace effort. We will follow all developments over the

next few months," he said. However, Lord Plumb d not envision European pressure on Israel to force it to join the peace process.

"It's too early to tell (if the European countries will apply pressure on Israel), but I leave with more hope than when I came about moves towards the negotiating table."

He sees a possibility of real peace in the region in light of three factors: "His Majesty King Hussein's continued efforts towards solving the conflict, in particular Jordan's severance of legal and administrative ties with the West Bank; the resolutions adopted at the Palestine National Council (PNC) meetiog in Algiers in November of last year accepting Resolutions 242 and 338 as a basis for convening an international conference; and the U.S.-PLO dialogue.

"I do not regard the convening of an international conference as a remote idea as it is accepted and being discussed by the Soviet refngee camp Thursday (Petra photo)

Uninn, the U.S. and others," he said. "There is pressure worldwide to bring (the conference)

Lord Plumb refuted Israeli

claims on the issue. "I do not accept that Israel has made its position towards the Middle East He said that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Sbamir "made

it clear that he won't sit with Arafat, but he will sit with Palestinians on two conditions." Sbamir, who met Lord Plumb

during his two-day visit to Israel, prior to arriving in Jordan, said that Shamir insists that the Palestinians must be local residents of the occupied territories and be democratically elected by

Palestinian people there.

Nor will Sbamir accept Arafat choosing Palestinians from the occupied territories and the PNC, "other than democratically elected Palestinians from the occupied territories, Shamir might not accept Palestinians selected in any other way,"said Lord Plumb.

Personally, Lord Plumh believes that a combination of locally elected representatives and PLO representatives, "might be acceptable to Israel, hut maybe not to Shamir."

The Israeli position on Palestinian representation "is not clear," be said, adding that Sbamir has been "letting loose a number of balloons to know the positions of the concerned par-

"Shamir has clearly said to me that there is no peace plan on the table," Lord Plumb said.

Asked wbether his speech to the Israeli Knesset in which he advocated Palestinian self-deter-Lord Plumb said, "yes, it means the inhabitants of the cmap.

recognition of an independent (Palestinian) state, likewise an

Israeli independent state." However, when pushed further on the Palestinian state issue, he said, "the European countries are reluctant to recognise a Palestinian state because there is no territory. Also we won't exclude the idea of a confederation as an

option for the Palestinians. Similarly the European countries will not recognise a provisional Palestinian governmentin exile. "We can only recognise a government if there is territory and this applies to all European countries.

In the same vien, Lord Plumb does not see the upgrading of relations between the PLO and the European countries in the near future. "We cannot take that position now. He said that it is highly unlikely

for Arafat to address the European Parliament, "Frankly! do not see it as necessary to invite him... only heads of state are invited to talk.

However, Lord Plumb maintains "our role (in the region) is moral and political to reach a solution to the problem. We will not let go of that responsibility. he said, adding that not only the European Parliament, but the council of ministers, Council of Europe and the European Council "all remain firmly committed (to this responsibility)."

Also on Thuursday Lord Plumb and the accompanying oclegation visited the Baga'a refugee camp. Lord Plumb and the delegation were briefed on the services the Jordanian government and UNRWA offer to the

camp residents. The delegaton toured the camp mination and Israel's right to and visited a girls school and the exist meant the acceptance of a medical institutions wherein they independent Palestinian state, inspected the services offered to



Lord Plumb and the accompanying delegation touring the Baqaa

## Jordan reports to ILO on Israeli repressive policies in the occupied Arab territories

Ministry has submitted a detailed report on Israel's repressive measures against workers in the occupied Arab territories to the International Labour Organisation's (ILO) fact finding mission.

The mission left Amman for Damascus Wednesday as part of its tour of the region includes Tunisia and Egypt.

The report includes Israeli ra-

cist policies, detentions, arrests. violent practices, and measures undertaken against workers and trade-unionists. The report details Israeli arbitrary measures against work institutions. its oppressive taxing policies, in addition to its violation of personal freedom such as imposing travel restrictions, placing people under house-arrest, closing educational institutes, demolishing houses, confiscating lands, and erecting Jewish settlements on Arab land. Referring to the most outstand-

ing characteristics of the Zionist of all the Jewish settlemeots

ies, the report noted that Israel confiscated 2,771,507 dunums from the lands of the West Bank since 1967 and that this comprises about 50 per cent of the wbole area of the West Bank.

Some 153,475 dunums of Gaza amounts to 42 per cent of the whole area of the strip. The report added that 243 Jewish settlements have so far been erected in the occupied territories out of which 209 settlements are in the West Bank and 34 others in the Gaza Strip. The report also listed the names of all Arab citizens who were subjected to suppressive measures, the names of 398 people whose bouses were demolished, and 466 martyrs wbo felt since the outbreak of the intifada in December 1987.

The report also includes a list

LAND TRANSPORT: The general assembly of the Iraqi-Jordanian Company for Land Transport is scheduled to begin a two-day meetings in Baghdad on Sunday. The assembly will discuss the achievements the company made last year and the budget for the fiscal year 1989. The Jordanian delegation will be led by Transport and Telecommunications Minister Khaled Al Haj Hassan.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Labour occupation of the Arab territor- erected in the occupied territories, date of each establishment. size, and the area of lands confiscated for the establishment of

### **PSD** Strip have also been confiscated since 1967, the report added. This embezzlers

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Public Security Department (PSD) bas announced the capture of a group of people who pose as non-Jornanian Arab personalities and commit embezzlements and frauds in the Kingdom.

A report in Al Ra'i Arabic daily said that the members of the group were found to have carried out their actions at hotels, goldsmiths, shops and car rental agencies in Amman.

Members of the group used forged identity cards of people they personified in the course of their embezzlement actions, the report said. It noted that the police will publish full details about the group once the whole investigations have been com-

## **Jordan Times**

بوردن تابعز بومية عربية سياسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية

RAKAN AL MAJALI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAQFI Editor-in-Chief:

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Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

### Fresh hope for Lebanon

AFTER more than a decade and half of trials and errors to find the right anecdote to Lebanon's multi-dimensional malaise, the Arab foreign ministers meeting in a special session in Tunis Thursday, finally found what looks to be the correct approach to the multi-faceted Lebanese tribulations. The Arab foreign ministers' decision to form an Arab committee composed of Arab foreign ministers to establish contacts with the various adversaries in Lebanon with a view to tread a new and fresh road in the search for a permanent solution to the Lebanese crisis has the markings of a sound and promising formula that has yet to be tried.

So far the Arab World and the international community have tried every conceivable way to put an end to the slaughter in Lebanon and all were in vain. Now the Arab foreign ministers have introduced this "new panacea" to the endemic Lebanese conflict no which bumanity is pinning much hope. What remains to be seen is whether such a high level Arab mission would have the clout with all the factions that are party to the Lebanese ordeal. That is why the Arab foreign ministerial committee must pursue its noble mission with perseverance and tenacity even if it encounters hurdles along its path. When and if, for example, there appears to be a certain political or religious faction in Lebanon that is continuing to wage war on the new peace effort, the Arab foreign ministers committee would be well advised to isolate such a negative or hostile group and persevere its efforts with the rest of the forces in Lebanon in a hid to bring the influence of the cooperating elements to bear on the remaining forces acting against the emerging consensus. The positive elements are called upon to act in concert against the rebellious factions with arms if necessary. As it is virtually impossible to hring all the Lebanese factions together in one sweeping effort, no matter how correctly guided and motivated, it is. No one group or splinter group must be allowed to throw a wrench in the new Arab machinery. The aim and objective of the newly established Arab peace committee should be to strive for an overwhelming consensus that could snowball into a locomotive strong enough to sweep away all unbending elements.

### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

Al Ra'i daily Friday commented on recent Israeli statements that Tel Aviv does not intend to offer the United Nations any meaningful role in the Middle East peace process despite Shamir's acceptance that future peace talks will be under U.N. umbrella. The paper said that it seems that Israel which adheres to its stubbornness will be facing further problems as Lord Plumb had said in his meetings with the Israeli government leaders. The Israeli statements cannot prevent Europe and the world community at large to create their own opinion of Israel and cannot stand in the way of any initiatives for the establishment of peace, said the paper. The Israeli hostile attitudes towards peace and the peace process, which is in the making, show clearly that Tel Aviv has utterly failed to convince anybody of its own ideas and to abort the march towards convening an international Middle East peace conference, the paper added. It said that statements hy European leaders, which indicate a favourable attitude, will eventually help promote the march towards peace.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily believes that Israel is now completely surrounded and coming under mounting pressure from the world community to change its stance with regard to the Palestine problem. Israeli government leaders, who continue to adhere to their policies and pursue their aggressive attitude, have exposed their ugly faces to the whole world and proved that they are outlaws, completely outcast from the community of nations, the writer. Mahmoud Al Rimawi, notes. Rimawi says that Israel's past offers to have partial peace and unilateral peace treaties with the Arabs and its plans to impose autonomy rule on the Palestinians have all ended in thin air and could not convince any one of their viability. When everything else failed, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir tried to enlist Egypt's help to lure the Arab states to accept Tel Aviv's conditions and terms, and when this ploy failed too the Israeli premier has now come out with a statement accepting the United Nations to attend the negotiations with the Arabs but without having any role to play in the peace process, the writer continues. He says that all that Shamir wants is to exclude the superpowers and the PLO from any talks towards a settlement in implementation of U.N. resolutions.

Al Dustour daily discussed the Tunis meeting of Arab foreign ministers on the situation in Lehanon. The paper said that the ministers' meeting reflected the Arab countries' concern over the future of the embattled nation and the deteriorating conditions of the civilian population. But it said what is important to remember is that the situation in Lebanon came as a result of internal differences worsened by foreign intervention in that country's internal affairs. The paper believed that the Arab League and the foreign ministers would not be able to belp Lebanon get out of the present dilemma unless the leaders of the warring parties in that country and the Lehanese people themselves are well prepared for reconciliation and peace.

Sawt Al Shaab daily reflects on the unanimous agreement among the Arah foreign ministers in Tunis on a unified Arab stand and solidarity with Lihya in the face of foreign aggression. The paper said that only through solidarity can the Arabs stand strong in the face of external threats which are directed against the whole nation's interests. The all out condemnation by the Arab ministers of threats posed to Libya, the paper noted, reflects the unwavering support of Arab governments to their sister state and a determination to safeguard Arah dignity.

## Benvenisti: Israel can never destroy Palestinian infrastructure

## The making of a Palestinian leader

By Eleanor Shapiro

"WHEN I heard about Geneva (PLO chief Yasser Arafat's speech to the special U.N. session and subsequent news conference), I thought Israelis would dance in the street," says Samiha Khalil, head of the largest women's association in the West Bank. Arafat's speech, she says, "was a move more for the Israelis

than for us."

Khalil, 65, is a founder and president of In ash al-Usra (Society for Rehabilitation of the Family) in El Birch, near Ramallah. Known as Umm Khalil, she has been recognised for years by both Palestinians and Israelis as a popular leader in her community.

The conservatively dressed, beavy-set grandmother wears her hair combed hack in a tight bun. Students have her the long, gold necklace she wears that bears an engraved olive tree, symbol of

lifelong Palestinian activist, her attitudes are significant in light of the recent political developments in Algiers, Geneva and Washington.

For the first time in five years, Umm Khalil was interested in granting an interview to the Israeli press. "Every few years I make an experiment," she says.

Like many Palestinians in the occupied territories, Khalil has a personal stake in the resolution of the conflict. She is cut off from her five children and grandchil-dren, who live abroad. The military government denies her perion to travel and bars them

Most of the activities of the society, which Khalil helped found in 1965 to foster literacy and vocational training for women, were closed by military order last June, six months into the intifada. Only the kindergarten, which

opened in 1967 to aid war refugees, along with a day-care centre and an orphanage, were permitted to remain open. Meanwhile, the society's main huilding, which housed five vocational classes for 350 girls, a

Palestinian folklore and research

centre, a library and a bakery, sits

locked and empty.

Before the mitiada began, the Given her background as a hakery, together with an felong Palestinian activist, her embroidery project involving titudes are significant in light of over 2,000 women in 27 villages, funded most of the society's charitable activities. Financial resources had grown from \$500 in 1965 to \$420,000 in 1986, mostly

due to Khalil's initiative. The Israeli authorities, says Dr. Meron Benvenisti, head of the West Bank Data Base Pro-

ment of voluntary organisations that can grow into an alternative social infrastructure. They can slow it down, but eventually they will fail. These are social dynamics that can't be destroyed."

According to Menahem Mazoz, the senior deputy state attorney responsible for defending the military closure order against a high court appeal, "it is correct that there is a tendency to stop the infrastructure. But this is not done as long as the activities are legitimate. The society was not just a charitable organisa-

A significant part of the society's courses was indoctrination, Mazoz asserts. Through literature, film, lectures and demonstrations, the society served the uprising and helped to further the 'hostile purposes" of Palestinian organisations. Activities aiding the popular committees were conducted on the premises.

The Israeli high court of justice on November 21 turned down the society's appeal against the military closure order.

Meanwhile, Khalil is free on bail awaiting trial in the Ramallah military court on separate charges of incitement and possession and distribution of hostile material.

According to the charge sheet, she is a senior leader of protests

ject, "want to hinder the develop- and disturbances in the area. Among the evidence is her assertion "of the importance of the society's activities in supporting the families of prisoners and of those killed in a security con-

> Khalil's work has made her a natural target of the military anthorities. Long before the current uprising made Palestinian selfsufficiency a goal, In'ash al-Usra inculcated the heady message of self-reliance mixed with national pride in its students. Although never convicted or formally charged until the present case, she was imprisoned several times. From 1980 to 1983 the military repeatedly put her under town

> "I think the military is trying to make the people feel hopeless, Khalil says. But the Palestine National Council gives her hope that at some point she will have a Palestinian flag, move with a Palestinian identity card and "be free in what we want to say, write and where we go."

Khalil doesn't put much stock in the Israeli potential for change. Adding up the number of Knesset seats won by Labour, Likud and the religious parties in the recent election, she concludes that 97 of the 120 Knesset members are against accepting the PLO's peace proposals. She is surprised to hear that the Labour Party has members who don't agree with party policy.

Khalil is clearly not a political theorist, and the contradictory impulses expressed in her occasional writing and poetry fuel the Israeli case against her. In the first month of the intifada, she wrote an impassioned open letter to Israeli mothers spelling out her views. It was published in Davar, Al Hamishmar and Gesher.

"You have a government," she wrote. "Why should I not also have a government? If you really oppose expansionism at our expense, then why does your goverament build settlements on our lands outside the 1948 borders? Is there not enough space within the 1948 borders, such as the Negev, on which your government can huild settlements?... Have you asked questions about the ownership of the lands on which you huilt your settlements?

She rejected several requests to continue the exchange in person after preliminary telephone contact convinced her that the Israeli women "wanted peace without paying the price.'

She says: "I want them to feel for others what they feel for themselves. Most Israelis look at us as if we are not on the same

There was a time when it was different, says Khalil. She recalls that after 1967, military administrators used to come to her office. They used to talk to the people as they are. But each year has got worse than the year before. Now

they look down on us." Khalil's reputation among Palestinians is huilt on her open opposition to Israeli occupation as much as on ber dedication to community work. She is very proud of the 85-90 per cent placement rate for about 2.700 girls who have graduated from the society's vocational courses.

Within a month or so, the high court is to decide just how long In'ash al-Usra should remain closed. The military court case against Khalil will also he heard ahont then. Defence counsel Avigdor Feldman acknowledges that the success rate in military courts is very poor.

How significant a leader is Samiha Khalil?

"She definitely represents Palestinian women who are socially mobilised and ready towork for their own community," says Benvenisti. "But Israelis crown the leaders of the Palestinians. Harass a person repeatedly, and because of his suffering he becomes a symbol". - The Jern-

## Conflicting trends in Iranian politics

By Scheherazade Daneshkhu

IN RECENT months, movement on the Iranian political scene has been as pronounced as speededup film of clouds swirling across the earth's surface. In the foreign policy arena, the country's effective political leader, Hojatoleslam Hasbemi Rafsanjani, has not tired of his criticism of the policies of the government of Prime Minister Mir Hossein Mus-

In a reversal of standard policy, Rafsanjani has said that it was Iran which antagonised Kuwait and France over the past few years, rather than the other way round. Iran's "crude diplomacy bad led to its isolation, said Rafsanjani to students in the wartorn city of Ahwaz in mid-Novembet.

While a clear direction of policy has been given on the external front towards a more diplomatic Iran conscious of the value of good public relations, tecent manoeuvres inside the country have been more complicated. The past couple of months have seen yet anothet furious and forthright letter by Medhi Bazargan, former prime minister and bead of the opposition Freedom Movement, to the country's spir-

itual leader Ayatollah Khomeini. Bazargan bas demanded the release of his associates who were arrested in June for criticising the government's prosecution of the war with Iraq, as well as far greater freedom of expression for the party. In the letter, Bazargan warns that unless these rights are upheld, he will disband the Freedom Movement and thereby deprive Iran's leadership of its token democracy.

The response from the leadership has been accommodating. Two weeks after the publication of the letter, the minister of information, Hojatoleslam Mohammadi-Reyshahri, said that political parties can operate withm the country and contest elections on condition that "they do not hatch plots against it or create obstacle in its way." A number of Bazargan's colleagues were also

### Rafsanjani's policy

It would be a mistake however, to assume that the Islamic leadership is acting solely under pressure in its response to such challenges. The signs are that these moves coincide with Rafsanjani's new policy which hinges on the need to centralise Iran's centres of decision-making, uphold the rule of law and allow greater freedom of expression within the framework of the Islamic Republic. Rafsanjani bimself explained

the rationale for such a policy in a keynote Friday prayers speech delivered in mid-October:

"During these ten years we have prepared the infrastructure of a society which is in line with our aspirations. From the political point of view, obstacles have almost been removed ... Many people outside the country are waiting to see whether we manage to create an acceptable kind of society and a suitable model of development, progress, evolution because if we do we will have achieved what the world feared - export of the revolution. Slogans do not induce faith in people - we must present them with a scientific model of the Islamic Republic \*

Rafsanjani also spoke of the need to attract back to the country the hundreds of thousands of educated Iranians abroad to help

programmes. "If we give up some of the short-sightedness, some of our successes and some of the crude aspects which were the requirements of the early stages of the revolution and that we do not need today, we will attract them back." The government has identified

some of the fears of the emigré community, such as lawlessness, and is attempting to reassure it that, in this respect at least, the Iranian house is being put in order. Chief Justice Ayatollah Mussavi-Ardebili has on at least two occasions spoken of the need to abide by the law in the context of emigré anxieties.

In a tecent letter to the Farsi-language. Kayhan (airmail edition), one Iranian living abroad complained that until the rule of law was established in Iran, be would be staying away. In an extraordinary editorial response the papet replied that unless those who believe in the rale of law returned, who did they think would establish it?

### Montazeri's criticisms

Another strategy employed by the government to attract the emigres back has been the encouragement which has led to an increase in exchanges such as the above. The main champion of a more liberal Islamic Republic has always been the heir-designate, Avatollah Montazeri.

In a somewhat pained reminder of his political impotence, Montazeri spoke of the country's problems to a group of Islamic students in Mashhad, adding "I too feel the same way as you. I have no involvement in the policies, decisions and executive affairs of the country and I am aloof [from them]." However, Montazeri went on to delivet a stunning indictment of government policy:

"Today we are in need of the enhancement and growth of Islamic and revolutionary culture. The process will not be achieved without the certainty of freedom of expression. The esteemed officials of the country and the revolution, who have themselves tasted the hittet taste of suppression during the regime of monarchical tyranny should be mindful of this fact ... The time bas passed when we can declare people 'mfidel', when we can excommunicate them or when we can level various accusations at them be-cause they declare some truths."

Montazeri's repeated outsookenness in the past month appears to bave been prompted by the recent spate of executions within Iran. According to the opposition Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, whose members fought alongside Iraq in the Gulf war, 5,000 of their number have been executed since the Gulf ceasefire. More recently the Tudeh (Communist)

majority of its imprisoned leadership have also been executed. The executions, which are denied hy the authorities, appear to form part of the campaign aimed at removing potential opposition

The government has, however,

admitted executing six members of the clergy, including two former MPs, on charges of corruption. One of these, Sathollah Omid-Najasabadi, was closely associated with Seyyed Mehdi Hasbemi, the brothet of Montazeri's son-in-law, who was himself executed a year ago. Mehdi Hashemi had a network of groupings and contacts at his disposal and his independent organisation had become a threat to the goverament, particularly once he had decided to spill the beans over the Iran-U.S. arms-for-bostages harter in 1986.

Despite such activities there

has nevertheless been an official attempt to open up debate on issues sanctioned by Ayatollah Khomeini. An exhaustive list of these topics ranges from funthe ethics of limb transplants. Rafsanjani bad the foresight to point out that criticism does not have to be correct to be valuable: persons who identify what is for

correct; it may even amount to an unjust word.

Once again, the calls for criticism, while serving to attract emigrès, also serve a more concrete purpose. Unless criticism can be . shown to be a worthy business. Rafsanjani would have very little justification for admonishing the government on its previous policies. In addition, freedom to criticise in Iran today means freedom to disagree with an economic policy that bas been heavily eared towards state control. Rafsanjani's policy has now been endorsed by Khomeini wbo, in a much publicised speech known as the Chartet of Brotherhood, endorsed "scholarly debates hetween the ulema and laymen on controversial topics, as long as they do not prejudice the foundation of Islamic statehood."

### Mussavi's weak position

A spate of criticism against the beleaguered prime minister bas now been released. The statist Mussavi has been in a weak position evet since Rafsaniani came limitations on private and public out with his new policies. Most ownership to the bizarre, such as recently, the conservative (i.e. pro-free trade) daily Resalat took along with Khomeini's accept-Mussavi to task over his statement that "so far, the lack of the necessary authority has been the "Criticism means that there are main obstacle facing the government, and we have not had strong laws to deal with corruption, recently the Tudeh (Communist) the good of society — and they laws to deal with corruption, party of Iran claims that the might even make mistakes. It is hribery and other issues that will

not necessary for a criticism to be be studied in time." The paper asks wby not?

"Why would people curb their liberties and undertake heavy expenditures for governments whose paid officials do nothing for the people instead of serving the people? The absence of control during the time of wat, the fact that the government machinery is contaminated with corruption because of the lack of inspection, and the fact that some employers plunder the people's and the state's wealth, are all violations of the nation's goals and Islamic values.

Establishing the rule of law, which means carbing the power of the local committees and the Revolutionary Guards, allowing greatet freedom of expression and move towards free trade, are all measures which bave the effect of taking power away from the radical factions and signal a realignment in domestic politics.

This realignment, backed by renewed emphasis on building Iran into a model Islamic comtry, bas been necessary for leaders such as Rafsaniani evet since the leadership accepted a cease fire in the Gulf war. That move, ance speech, signalled the demise of what could loosely be termed "Khomeinism", with its total emphasis on confronting and triumphing over Islam's enemies abroad - Middle East International, London.

## A tale of two chancellors

The author, Christian Hacke, is professor of political science at the Bundeswehr University in Hamburg. His latest book, just published, is entitled Weltmacht wider Willen, die Aussenpolitik der Bundesrepublik Deutschland (World Power Against Its Will: The Foreign Policy of the Federal Republic of Germany). Just before Christmas, former Social Democrat Chancellors Willy Brandt and Helmut Schmidt turned respectively 75 and 70. Both made a lasting mark on German foreign policy while they were in office. Under the one, the Federal Republic was transformed from a participant to a pacemaker in detente. Under the other, Westpolitik and Ostpolitik were merged to form a new entity. In this article for Deutsches Allgemeines Sonntagshlatt, Hacke looks at the two men and their foreign policies.

### By Christian Hacke

BOTH men made an indelible mark on Social Democratic poli-. cy, the country's political culture and the policies of the federal government for many years.

As former federal chancellors

they made a particularly signifi-cant contribution toward foreign Willy Brandt personified a vi-

sion of understanding, coopera-tion and reconciliation with the states of Central and Eastern Europe. Who will not remember him standing at the window of a hotel

crowd broke through the barriers to cheer the chancellor? Seldom has a desire for democratic leadership been as patently evident as on this occasion. Herr Brandt had to control his emotions and remind the crowd to

in Erfurt, GDR, in 1970 as the

exercise restraint. In addition to his Deutschlandpolitik, which culminated in the 1972 Basic Treaty between the two German states, the development of positive relations with the Soviet Union was of

overriding importance.

He had realised that the overall structure of Ostpolitik and Dentschlandpolitik could only succeed if it paid special heed to Soviet interests.

Historically, hy signing the Moscow Treaty in 1970 Willy Brandt followed in the footsteps of Walter Rathenau, who as Foreign Minister in 1922 signed in the country's reconstruction the Treaty of Rapallo in a bid to strike an East-West balance for the Weimar Republic.

Brandt may have heen reminded of Rathenau in connection with domestic criticism of the Moscow Treaty. Like Rathenau, Brandt was be-

rated as being a lackey of the great powers. Like Rathenau, Brandt sought to arrive at realistic conclusions from the lost war. Rathenau was assassinated, Willy Brandt soon rode on a wave of domestic approval. The Moscow Treaty was thus an impressive start to further ties with Cen-

tral and Eastern Europe. In Moscow Brandt acknowledged the Soviet Union's lead-ership. In Warsaw, on signing the December 1970 treaty with Poland, he specially emphasised the moral aspect of relations.

Poland bad suffered dreadfully from Hitler's policies. The emotional and historic burden was evident when Herr Brandt was welcomed to Warsaw on 6 December 1970 with military honours to the sound of the German national anthem.

In his memoirs he recalls that the faces of the Poles, many of whom had spent long years in Nazi concentration camps, showed clear signs of violent crises and moves of the political emotion while the German national anthem was being played.

abundance of readiness for political detente and economic generosity. The treaty was thus not

But he showed Poland an over-

The settlement with Poland,

seen by all political parties in the Federal Republic as the centrepiece of a careful policy toward Central and Eastern Europe, continued to be difficult.

Both the shadow of the past and the ideological hlinkers of the present still impede the Polish government's progress toward better relations with Bonn. A crucial factor nonetheless was that Willy Brandt's Ostpoli-

tik was less in response to the policy pursued by the superpowers than the expression of a new self-confidence on the Federal Republic's part. From then on, Bonn was a model of propriety in establishing

normal relations with the East. The Federal Republic's transformation from a participant to a pacemaker in detente in Europe Willy Brandt's outstanding achievement.

Yet this policy marked time from the end of 1973, and Herr Brandt realigned his foreign policy emphasis. From 1973 to this day he has appealed for more compassion, drawing attention to pressing

global problems such as food

supplies, population growth, en-

vironment and commodity problems and, last not least, the prohiems of armament and disarma-While Willy Brandt's foreign policy legacy can be pigeonholed in terms of treaties. Helmut Schmidt's foreign policy balance-sheet is more difficult to draw up.

He sought to keep the economic risks at hay that faced the Federal Republic as a result of hoth international economic pendulum in the United States and the rapid military build-np hy

being widely spread in world

Herr Schmidt also aimed to protect the Federal Republic's Ostpolitik flank from superpower confrontations or from power accrued by the Soviet Union. -Helmut Schmidt's view, look-

the Soviet Union.



Helmut Schmidt

ing further afield than Europe. was economically oriented in his country's interest. He regarded with scepticism the American claim that detente was internationally indivisible, fearing that any turbulence in relations between America and the Soviet Union might plunge Western Enrope in general and West Germany in particular into global tension. His personality, his knowledge of international affairs, his diplomacy of balance and his predictability were instrumental in transforming the Federal Republic into a second-

rank world power.
The erstwhile discrepancy between the economic giant and the political dwarf, a post-war German homunculus, bad disappeared. By virtue of Willy Brandt's Ostpolitik and his own showing in the various international and energy crises of the 1970s and early 1980s Helmut Schmidt elevated the Federal Republic, an economic great power. to global political status.

This process was facilitated by Bonn's Western partners having to forfeit power in one way or another, whereas the Federal Republic under his leadership fared better with many crises

Under Chancellor Schmidt



Willy Brandt

nationally exceptional due to detente with the East by strict compliance with alliance commitments to the West. During his chancellorship

Westpolitik and Ostpolitik, previously considered irreconcilable. were merged to form a new entity Schmidt self-assuredly pursued his foreign policy within the framework available, making shrewd use of the shift of power

from the United States toward the capitals of Western-Europe. He personified German and, in his own way. Prussian policy in a 139 Western European guise. He sought to mediate between East and West at times of most

serious crisis without calling the Federal Republic's ties with the West into question For almost a decade he symholised foreign policy stability and

reliability at a time of turbulent worldwide developments.
For a number of years he succeeded in enormously extending the Federal Republic's foreign

policy radius, arguably in overextending it.
Under Helmut Schmidt the Pederal Republic lived above its

circumstances in international esteem Reality has now brought it back down to earth — Deuts-ches Allgemeines Sonntagsblatt, German foreign policy was inter- Hamburg-

Nineveh Sheikhan

Sulaimaniya

Kirkuk

 $\mathbb{IRA}(0)$ 

Lake

lUmia

**IRAN** 

## **Environmentalist party** taking root in Egypt

By Munir Boweti

CAIRO - An environmentalist Greens Party is emerging in dustry, sandy Egypt, aiming to focus attention on the ecological angle in public issues rather than to win

A parliamentary committee is due to decide this month whether the Greens should be recognised

as a political party. They claim to have thousands of supporters but have attracted little interest in Cairo news-

Party officials aren't worried. They do not plan to contest elec-tions for at least 10 years, prefer-

ring to focus attention on Egypt's opposition parties to Egypt's relations-term environmental health.

There is a silent majority who

But they believe lack of water do not vote in elections or take part in political life. Our party aims to attract these people so that they will have a say in mak-ing political decisions." Greens spokesman Baha Bakri told Reu-

ters in an interview.
"We want people to think green; We want to make them realise that it's better to plant a tree than destroy one," be said.
The Egyptian Greens are moderate and centrist on most public

Bakri said.

He told Reuters that the Egyp-

tian Greens had broader priorities than West European environmentalist parties which were

mainly concerned about the arms race and pollntion. Egypt's Greens plan to develop

long-term policies to combat problems such as over-popula-

tion, food shortages, illiteracy

Bakri, an engineering profes-

sor, accused the five existing opposition parties, swamped by

President Hosni Mubarak's National Democracy Party (NDP) in parliament, of being

They do not bold the initia-

tive. They merely react to what-

ever the government does. The

wbole process is a tennis game,"

Governments, he said, merely

dealt with problems as they arose rather than planning ahead. But the Greens proposed to work out

"national strategic scheme"

The future is born today and

defining how Egypt should look

planning the future is not some-

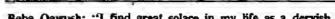
thing luxurious," Bakri said.

in 50 years.

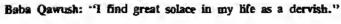
and unemployment.

They support government fore-ign policy and do not share the objections of Egypt's leftist

will eventually force Israel to negotiate a solution to its 40-yearold conflict with Arab states. "Israeli leaders must understand that under pressure from nature they will have to come to terms with their neighbours," The Greens decided to form a party because about 40 environmentalist pressure groups, some formed early this century, had not made their presence felt, said Abdel Salam Daoud, a newspaper columnist and one of the







### Baghdad IORDAN **SAUDIA** ARABIA

**Tigris** 

TURKEY

## Barefoot in the Yezidi tradition

**SYRIA** 

The Yezidi's singular tradition has survived through modern times in Iraq as a visit to the Yezidis' holiest shrine near Nineveh, northern Irag, amply

An amazing legacy of the Ottoman empire

By Leon Y. Barkho

SHEIKHAN - He was 18 years old when Baba Qawush decided to dedicate his life to the service of Sbeikh Adi's shrine. Since then, he has been barefoot, without shoes, socks or stockings.

have been the flowing brooks, the mulberry and fig trees and the chirps of sparrows," said the 55year-old hermit in an interview.

Baba Qawusb is the resident caretaker of Sheikh Adi's sanctuary, the holiest shrine of Iraq's Yezidi community, located in the "I have been walking harefoot picturesque Lalish Valley, a 10for 37 years. My companions minute drive from the town cen-

A paved road leads to the shrine which rises out of a mass of dark green foliage that extends fur more than a mile (3 kilometres). Willows and sbruhs have thrived alongside the tributary brooks that flow into the

tre of Sheikhan, 60 kilometres

north of the city of Nineveh.

valley from the east and the west. There are about 90,000 Yezidis in a population of about 17 mil-

lion in Iraq. The Yezidis have maintained their singular identity through years of change around them, following the rites of a faith

Like all his predecessors in the important sacerdotal rank. Baba Oawush is a celibate and devoted to simple living. He considers himself a Sufi — closer to the Muslim mystic order than to the monastic Christian ways.

teachings of the Magi, Islam and Christianity. Their practices

evoke a sense of the traditions

which flourished for many centur-

ies in Mesopotamia, ancient Iraq.

particular, seem to have been influenced by Christian monks

who sought refuge in the area.

Two of the oldest Christian

monasteries in Iraq, Mar Mati

and Rabban Hormuzd, are not

very far from Sheikh Adi's

Their celibacy and poverty, in

delivers when be holds court in domed cell on the right side of the

to their Sbeikh. There is always someone bringing a pot of rice

Baba Qawush's duties include showing the visitors around and providing food and lodging for non-Yezidis calling on the shrine.

"I bave renounced the world,"

quarters his only companions.

One of them, 58-year-old Dadeh (Mother) Mariam, came to the shrine when she was 15. Like Baba Qawusb she has been barefoot since she began her life at the The nuns and Baba Qawush

are a familiar sight in the area as the night falls. Soon after dusk Baba Qawush, followed by the two nuns, roams the area tending lamps which must be lit every

"We consider petrol and naphtha impure," said Baba Qawush "therefore we use the oil of sesame and other vegetable sub-

of Nineveb and yet so sheltered from it, seems to represent. --



### **Dunaway chips away** at a grandiose persona

By Christopher Michaud:

NEW YORK - She calls it "Dunaway Part II." Faye Dunaway is boping her sensitive portrayal of a wife and mother in Burning Secret will chip away at the grandiose persona that has dogged her since flamboyant performances in Mommie Dearest. Supergirl and The Wicked Lady. It was a phase in her career

she'd prefer to forget. Before that - in Dunaway Part I - she won international acclaim for her Oscar-nominated

performance in Bonnie and Clyde and Chinatown before winning the academy award as the neurotic programmer in the 1976 film Nelwork. Now in only her third film

appearance since 1984, Dunaway plays a woman in 1919 Vienna who is seduced by a charming baron, Klaus María Brandauer, after he befriends her young son. "This role is not larger than

life, and that's exactly what I'm seeking not to be. I would like to dispel that reputation, '\* the 47year-old actress said in an inter-

"It's a woman who adores her son and jeopardises a relationship and a marriage that are terribly important to her, and the reserves of adventure and danger and eroticism that are awakened by this haron," she said.

It was with the acclaimed movie Barfly in 1987 that Dunaway began her pursuit of quality roles in smaller films. Prior to that she had been living in London with her then husband, photographer Terry O'Neill and raising her son, Liam. But she wasn't making movies.

"It was the fallow period," Dunaway said, and it followed a string of films that in retrospect she regrets, such as Mommie Dearest, Supergirl, and the flops The Champ and The First Deadly Sin with Frank Sinatra. In a review of The Champ one critic dubbed her "the queen of tics."

"That whole period I'm not pleased with. It was like I suddenly found myself in quicksand, and said wait a minute, this has nothing to do with what I want to do with my work."

So it was off to London to regroup, and devote time to her family. "Wrong career choices were made," Dunaway said, "but I was making the right choices for myself.'

While in Europe, Dunaway said she "learned a lot about courtesy " Thus she said she's now much easier to work with, Dunaway called her turn as movie queen Joan Crawford in Momme Dearest "the one role I

never should bave done .:. just felt I bad not retained control ... advice from somebody: "If any-

hard-drinking, hysterical Craw-ford's physical abuse of her daughter Christina.

Ironically, playing Mickey Rourke's lover and fellow-drunk in Barfly helped Dunaway regain from heaven, a chance to deglamorise and break down some of this larger than life image."

In Burming Secret, working with first-time director Andrew Birkin, Dunaway sought to cultivate a toned-down image. But it wasn't easy. In the ori-

ginal script, Dunaway's ebaracter was "absolutely terrible. She had no maternal feeling whatsoever. And the baron was beartless and used the boy to get to the woman for an affair.

Birkin rewrote the characters to make them "much more oblique and textured," but Dunaway and Brandauer bad differing views on who should pursue whom. "Klaus would rather that I had pursued him more, and I felt he should have heen the pur-

Dunaway said she doesn't want to trade barbs in public with actors and directors she has battled on the set.

But Bette Davis went so far as to say publicly she would never work with Dunaway again. Shrugging it off, Dunaway said it wasn't a bad working relationship at all. I think she was mad because I kept a lot of people waiting a couple of

Like Davis once did, Dunaway is now adopting a more aggressive posture in seeking out suitable roles. "A lot of women woke up and said 'I have to find my own because they're not going to give them to me'," she said.

After her next two films - a Lina Wertmuller drama about AIDS and Wait Until Spring Bandini with Joe Mantegna she will produce and star in Cold Sassy Tree. a southern period piece about a young boy's coming of age. Bandini is a drama about a struggling immigrant family in Colorado in the 1920s.

She is also looking into a possi-hle remake of the old Carol Lombard-John Barrymore screwball-comedy. Twentieth Century.

While Dunaway said she never thought about being anything other than an actress, ("perhaps an architect manque or a husinesswoman manque"), the profession is not one she would encourage her son Liam to

"It's a very unnatural attention, to bave that kind of focus. It goes with my territory but I try not to inflict it ever on him."

And if he wanted to inflict it on "It was just so extreme, and I himself? "I had a great piece of in that film," she said of the thing can stop you, let it."

ISTANBUL (R) — In a historic quarter of Istanbul still known as the sublime porte, Turkish archivists are busy sorting out an amazing legacy of the Ottoman

By Hugh Pope

Hundreds of documents, ledgers and edicts in fine Arabic script are classified each day in a big new building near the Topkapi Palace's sublime porte, whose name is synonymous with the Ottoman government.

"Each year we go several times faster than the year before," said Ismet Miroglu, head of the prime ministry Archives.

There's still a long way to go. So far only eight per cent of an estimated 100 million documents bave been sorted in the archives, the largest Ottoman repository.

The documents record in meticulous detail the administration from the 15th to the 20th century of an empire that once stretched from the Arabian Sea to the gates

of Vienna. . Under Mirogln's administration and Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal's new policy, scholars say large sections bave been opened up already - within the existing rules that nothing after 1914 may be called up.

### The last taboo

Pushing aside a last taboo, Turkey says it has set in motion the eventual release of all documents relating to the deportation of over a million Armenians from East Anatolia during the 1914-18

It bopes access to the docu-ments will settle a bitter controversy over Armenian claims that the Ottoman government ordered the genocide of their

The new Armenian section will be opened in April, coinciding with Armenians' commemoration of April 1915 when they say the killing of 1.5 million of their people started.

Turkish historians say about 300,000 Armenians, including irregular bands fighting alongside Turkey's Russian foes, died as well as millions of local people killed in the east.

Ozal says Republican Turkey, orged from the ruins of the Ottoman empire in 1923, bas no responsibility for Ottoman war policy. But Armenian militants have killed over 40 Turkish diplo-

mats since the 1970s. Scholarly volumes argue persuasive cases for both sides.

Passionate accounts by Euroeast support the Armenian case. Turkey has published dozens of Ottoman documents showing that the cabinet sent orders for Armenians to be deported safely.

"The Russian documents in Moscow, Tiflis and Yerevan should also be opened and European and U.S. archives made full use of," said Turkish bistorian Enver Konukcu. Miroglu said procedures which released.

keep foreign scholars waiting up to nine months for permission to study would be eased. He said 70 foreign academics studied here in 1988, double the number five financial transactions. years ago

available in April will cover the years 1691 to 1895.

"They will come from all collections. Within three years we hope to sort out and make available everything on the Armepean consuls of massacres in the nians up to the end of the Ottoman period," Miroglu said.

"We really don't know what we have in our depots. Documents are stacked in everything from back rooms in old schools to wooden chests.' Other archives in the Topkapi

palace, the general staff and maor mosques have documents linked to the Armenians. It is not clear when or if they will be Miroglu denied charges that

there had been any weeding-out of the documents, over half of which are meticulously-recorded Even for Turks it takes years of

The first set of Armenian-re- study to acquire the skill to read lated documents to be made any of these documents. Miroglu has set up new university departments to supply 30 archivists a

Just in case memories slip in the big classification hall; walls are hung with maps and elaborate

flow charts of how the Divans and Viziers of the Ottoman bureaucracy interacted. Despite the beauty of the calligraphy, seals and signatures

many documents in cardboard folders piled to the ceiling deal with mundane matters. "This is a payroll for the Antakya (Antioch) police force

in 1853," said one archivist. Such treasure troves of fact can belp provide unique socio-economic bistories of Middle East. Bal"The Yezidis are very generous Such treasure troves of fact can kan and North African states. Researchers welcome the fast

opening-up of the archives but say they will miss some of the old nleasures.

"Everything will eventually be on microfilm and we won't get direct access to these books," said American Margaret Venzke.

shrine, "There were special headquarters for men and women." he said. Now he is the only hermit, two nuns residing in separate

which is a mixture of the worldly pleasures. All I have is teachings of the Magi. Islam and the bed on which I sleep and the

clothes that I wear.'

Yezidi monuments.

Poverty and chastity are the

conditions which have to be

strictly followed by people de-

dicating their lives to service at

the shrine. So the donations from the faithful - about \$21,000 last

vear --- are not claimed by Baba

Qawush; they go toward, mainte-

nance, repair and renovation work at the shrine and other

In the past, he said, scores of

men and women used to forsake

the world and seek peace in the

His is a busy schedule. Yezidis come to the shrine and call on Baba Qawush to seek guidance on aspects of the faith. This he front of his main residence, a

Baba Qawusb sits on the ground with his back to the wall, his Yezidi followers kiss his hand and, before they withdraw at the end of an andience, they drop money in a coin box placed in front of bim.

and stewed meat."

he said. "I have left behind the

stances for lighting. The choice of lighting fuel seems a minor detail in the overwhelming richness of tradition that this Yezidi point of pilgrimage, so close to the modern bustle



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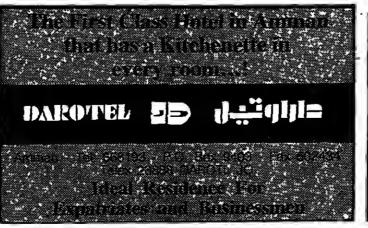
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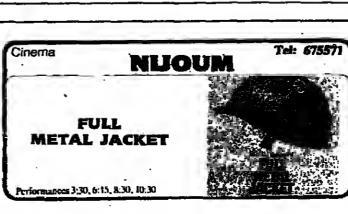
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stability."

The recent reforms indicate

that Khamenei and Rafsanjani

the company's cash flow or

through sales of some of its 3

Congress is scrutinising these

deals with an eye towards curbing

them through possible changes in the deductibility of interest. Cur-

rent law encourages companies to

take on debt because it allows

them to deduct their interest pay-

ments hat not the dividends they

Critics are concerned that debt-

burdened companies will be

dangerously exposed to an econo-

Fortune magazine reported

mic downturn, ultimately under-

Wednesday that the total value of

the 50 largest business deals last year was \$111.8 billion, surpas-

sing the \$94.6 hillion value of the

mining U.S. competitiveness.

pay on stock.

Abdolhassan Vahhaji said more will create economic calm and

of goods will come down and it hold the upper hand.

Bush balks at intervention

to curb leveraged buyouts

WASHINGTON (R) — President-elect Bush suggested Thursday that he was philosophically mew owners pay off the debt with

items will be deregulated and

stressed that "with the imple-

mentation of this plan, the prices

opposed to government interven-

tion to curb corporate leveraged

"In the first place you're talk-

ng to one who would, as much as

ne told a news conference when

asked about possible measures to

slow LBOs, mergers and acquisi-

Bush left the door open to

"But I am not against bigness, I

am not in favour of the govern-

ment picking winners and los-

ers... I am in favour of the gov-

ernment seeing that there is no

abuse through the tax system,"

He referred specifically to the

possible tax code changes to

crack down on any abuses.

possible, rely on market forces,

buyouts (LBOs)

he said.

## Bahrain to boost borrowing

BAHRAIN (R) — Bahrain said Thursday it would increase domestic borrowing sharply in the calendar years 1989 and 1990 to compensate for lower oil prices and limited rises in oil production.

Finance and National Economy Minister Ibrahim Abdul Karim said relatively weak oil prices meant the budget deficit would rise by 66 per cent to 100 million dinars (\$265 million) in 1989 and remain at that level in

"The hig fall in oil prices and the limited increase in our oil production has forced us to resort to domestic borrowing ...tbe loans will help us to continue economic development," he said

Bahrain tripled its debt ceiling to 300 million dinars (\$795 million) in 1988 to allow the issue of more government treasury bills

The 1988 budget deficit was forecast at 60 million dinars (\$160 million), but actual figures have

not yet been announced. Abdul Karim said government spending was set to rise to 530 million dinars (\$1.4 billion) in 1989 from the projected 490 million dinars (\$1.3 billion) in 1988

and would reach 540 million dinars (\$1.43 billion) in 1990.

He said the projections, approved by the cabinet, were based on oil prices of between \$12 and \$15 per barrel.

Government revenue for 1989 was set at the previous year's level of 430 million dinars (\$1.14 hillion) but would rise to 440 million (\$1.16 billion) in 1990. Abdul Karim said oil income in 1989 and 1990 would fall to 46 per

cent of Bahrain's revenues, showing that the island was limiting its dependence on oil. Oil revenues were estimated at

He said the two-year budget

around 58 per cent of income in

Ibrahim Abdul Karim dards, such as customs duties or

water and electricity taxes. More would be spent on defence, education, bealth and would not introduce new tariffs housing but less would be spent which would affect living stan- on works, power and water.

## Commercial banks demand incentives to keep lending to developing nations

WASHINGTON (R) — Banks tional Finance (IIF), an informaare willing to make a new effort to belp poor countries grow out of their deht problems, but only if international lending agencies do more and the debtors follow sound economic policies, a group of major commercial banks has

said. If this cooperative approach does not work the result could be upheaval in the Third World, the chairman of the hank group, First Chicago Corp Chairman Barry Sullivan, said.

"Banks will continue in the future to assist any country committed to opening and modernising its economy. But there must be solid actions taken to implement and maintain sound economic policies. Where this is not done, political and social turmoil may well be the result," he told reporters.

Sullivan was introducing a new report by the Institute of Interna-

MANAMA, Bahrain (AP) -

Businessmen from Gulf Arab

countries have announced they

had formed a joint company for

industrial investments! with an

anticipated capital of \$100 mil-

The group, led by Abdullah Al

Moejel, secretary-general of the

Gulf Organisation for Industrial

Consulting (GOIC), announced

the joint venture at the end of a

nisation instituted by the govern-

ments of the Gulf Arab states --

two-day meeting in Bahrain.

tion exchange for about 160 international banks.

The report, entitled "The Way Forward for Middle-Income Countries," said banks would be prepard to consider loan pledges for more than a year at a time if the International Monetary Fund and World Bank did the same.

Debtors also had to introduce policies that emphasised the private sector and gave more confidence to investors.

'Confidence in the ability of governments to manage their domestic economies must be restored in these countries if middle class is to develop, if democracy is to succeed, and if social inequities are to be reduced," Sullivan added.

'Wealthy prefer keeping money abroad'

He said banks were aware that

grouped in the Gulf Cooperation

GCC states have urged the

private sector to play more active

role in the economic develop-

ment as the price of oil — the

mainstay of the economies — has

been weak over the past six years.

itially called the Gulf Industrial

Investment Company. (GIIC),

will be set up within two months,

ber of the Bahraini Chamber of

Commerce and Industry and

The investment company, in-

Council.

Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, the president-elect of the overseeing

committee.

Gulf Arabs start \$100m investment

the gap between rich and poor was widening, but one reason was

that the wealthy preferred to keep their money abroad. "This demonstrated lack of confidence by the wealthy helps explain why banks insist that new lending can be justified only where performance is improved," Sullivan said.

Banks also needed incentives to agree voluntarily to reduce the mountain of Third World debt. Creditor governments or the World Bank could guarantee interest or principal, while tax rules and hanking regulations could be adapted to encourage debt reduction, the report said.

Banks need a new rationale to stay in the process," the report

The World Bank could also play a more active role by shed-

private sector in economic de-

velopment as well as product

selection for better diversification

of industrial development in the

"It is in compliance with the

policy of the GCC governments

development so as to alleviate the

The committee has authorised

burdens of the states," be added.

GOIC to contact the six Gulf

governments to ensure equal

region," he said.

living standards in highly inde-bted countries had fallen and that co-financing, whereby its loans are linked directly to commercial bank credits.

The World Banks' attitude was increasing bankers' doubts about the viability of the current debt strategy, the report said.

'Commercial lenders cannot be expected to have more faith in that strategy than the international organisations express by their restrictive co-financing policies, the IIF said.

Sullivan denied that help from governments or the World Bank would be a bailout of the banks. The debt problem has gone

on too long for the governments of industrialised countries to view it as something that can be worked out just between the debtor countries and their banks," he said.

Horst Schulmann, managing director of the IIF, said help from governments would bail banks in ding its reluctance to do more to new leading, not bail them out.

singular economic circumstances

based on the battering its eco-

nomy took in the eight-year war

with Iran.
In addition, GOIC, along with

the Bahraini Chamber of Com-

merce and Industry, is to contact

and register shareholders before

Shareholding is set at a \$250,000 floor for firms, and

The meeting began to hopes of

the shareholders assembly.

\$25.000 for individuals.

## Khamenei widens private sector role

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Iranian President Ali Khamenei has ordered the commerce ministry to reduce its control of foreign trade, the Islamic Republic News

Agency (IRNA) has reported.

That appeared designed to bolster Iran's resurgent private sector as Tehran relaxes tight controls of the economy imposed during the eight-year-war with

IRNA, monitored in Nicosia, qnoted Khamenei as saying that the ministry should ease its grip on the economy and "hand over some responsibilities, such as trade, to the people."

The ministry controls more than 80 per cent of Iran's trade. The agency quoted Khamenei as saying that under the exceptional conditions of war the government had unlimited anthority over the country's affairs.

Bnt, following the Aug. 20 ceasefire in the Gulf war, "our brave, smart and mature people are not lacking anything and can do the job themselves," Khamenei said.

The government, despite strong opposition from radicals who want even tighter economic controls, moved to expand the private sector after the ceasefire.

The cash-strapped government has been trying to attract private funds to pay for imports to ease shortages.

Widespread corruption within bureaucracy was also believed to be a reason for easing official control of the economy.

ministry's ideal role would be as a supervisory body with legal powers to govern trade practices, IRNA said.

A heated debate over the economy has dragged on for years and polarised the leadership into pragmatists led by Khamenei and parliament speaker Hashemi Rafsanjani and hardliners such as Prime Minister Hussein Musavi.

The massive task of post-war reconstruction has brought the differences into sbarp focus. Moves by the pragmatists to relax political and social restrictions as well as economie restraints have intensified the wrangles in the hierarchy. Khamenei is backed by the

wealthy merchant class, known as bazaaris, who largely financed the 1979 revolution which brought the Islamic regime to power. They have pushed for a more laissez-faire economy.

Musavi, under fire for his economic policies during the war, seeks wider state control to "lessen the gap between rich and

The debate was largely put on the back-burner due to the war. But Rafsanjani and others now argue that Iranians will no longer put up with economie bardships hlamed on the war.

The government last month listed about 40 scarce items that could be privately imported for a trial period of two years. They the government's bloated ranged from medical equipment and agricultural products to pens and books.

Aeting Commerce Minister

**ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS** 

RIYADH (R) - The National Shipping Company of Saudi

Arahia will start services to four ports in northern Europe in

Fehruary, company officials said Thursday. The Riyadh-hased company, owned 29 per cent by the Saudi government, will ship goods between Saudi Arabia and France, Belgium, the Nether-

lands and West Germany. It now serves ports in North America, the Far East, the Mediterranean and the Gulf.

ZURICH (R) - Turkey has decided to redeem shares of the

Anatolian Railway Company after 100 years, ending a string of

dividend payouts that spanned two world wars and the passing of

an empire. Credit Suisse, which is arranging the redemption of

snares denominated in Swiss francs, said Thorsday that Turkey

would pay 50 per cent of the shares' nominal value to investors

who turn in the antique securities. "It is a shame they have to be

destroyed, but anyone who wants his money has to turn them in,'

a bank spokesman said. The stocks, printed in French and

German, date from 1889 when the railway company, founded to

link the then capital Constantinople (Istanbul) to the present

capital Ankara. Financed its work by issuing stock and bonds in

several currencies through Deutsche Bank in Berlin. In those days

of fixed exchange rates, the nominal value of the shares was

iss francs (today worth \$32

Reichsmarks (which no longer exist and thus cannot be con-

BOSTON (R) - A group of 1,200 U.S. doctors has proposed a national health insurance plan that would pay for comprehensive medical care for every American and eliminate private health

insurance. The plan, presented by the physicians for a national

health programme, is modelled after a system adopted in Canada

U.S. doctors propose better insurance

Turkey redeems 100-year-old shares

Saudi shipping firm to expand routes

### Thursday, Jan. 12, 1989

substitution of debt for equity, 50 biggest in 1985, the previous

**AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES** 

the basis of LBO deals, in which record for Fortune's list.

Central Bank official rates

77.8 383.5 234.6 Buy Japanese yen (for 100)
Dutch guilder
Swedish crown
Italian fira (for 100)
Belgian franc (for 10) 484.0 486.0 863.9 868.2 264.9 266.2

## **Amman Financial Market**

weekly trading

Following is a summary of trading during last week and the previous week:

Jan. 7-11

Jan. 1-4

8

Daily average	JD 1,156,632	JD 653,271	
Total volume	JD 5,783,164	JD 2,613,084	
Total shares	3,786,418	1,951,200	
No. of contracts	3,865	2,316	
Sectoral trading:			
Industrial		JD 1,853,356	
	(00.470)	(70.9%)	
Financial	1,666,337	JD 706,993	
	(28.8)%	(27.0%)	
Service .	(3.7%)	(2.0%)	
Insurance	(0.1%)	(0,1%)	
Share price index	125.0	124.4	
No. of companies	58	49	
Price movement (rise)	34	22	
(decline)	14	10	

### United Arab Emirates, Oman, Bahrain and Iraq. With the ex-"The company is intended to cials, was not immediately in-million. Coca-Cola plans operations in Arab states

ception of Iraq, the other six are boost the participation of the

MANAMA, Bahrain (AP)-Coca-Cola is about to be officially removed from the Arab League hlacklist for dealing with Israel and plans to open bottling plants throughout the Gulf, a company official has said.

"We have plans to open bottling plants throughout the Gulf." said Peter Beaumont. He would not release details on the number

#### MANY VILLAS AND **APARTMENTS FOR** RENT

Furnished or Unfurnished

In Shmeisani, Sweifieh, Abdoun and many other locations.

For more information please call Wael Real Estate at 685342 of plants involved or say when they will open.

In the Syrian capital of Damascus, where the official boycott committee was meeting, one par-ticipant acknowledged that the Coca-Cola issue was discussed but refused to confirm that the American conglomerate was off

the blacklist. The boycott office, based in Damascus and an arm of the 22-narion Arah League, put the soft drink maker on the list 21 years ago because it did business

Coca-Cola bottling plants are already going up in Bahrain and the United Arah Emirates.

Coca-Cola is also on supermarket shelves in the Sultanate of Oman, Qatar, and Kuwait. In Saudi Arabia, the latest edition of the kingdom's official register proclaimed that the company and its product were no longer on the Arah boycott list.

The Coke for sale in Saudi Arabia came from neighbouring Oman and was priced at 23 riyals (\$6) for a case of 24.

The Olayan Co. of Saudi Ara-

bia received permission to distribute the soft drink in a market also said that in about six months that is currently dominated by they will be bottling the secret Pepsi. Cokc's traditional rival. recipe of the soft drink-

3056 hranches in 90 countries.

Company executives in Riyadh

### Top Citibank executive ends fruitful Jordan visit

AMMAN — Mr. Guenther Greiner, group executive for Europe/Middle East/Africa at Citicorp/Citibank New York, left Amman affter a short visit during which he met with H.E. Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Central Bank Governor Husain Kasim, and high ranking government officials, bankers, and husinessmen.

to involve the private sector in a the committee reconvenes on more active role in the economic Feb. 22 to determine a date for

treatment for all investments starting the company with a capit-

states. Iraq, according to the offi- decision was in favour of \$100

coming from within the GCC al of \$500 million, but the final

This is Mr. Greiner's first visit to the country and it reflects the importance the bank attaches to its operations in Jordan. It is worth mentioning here that Citibank is one of the largest financial institutions in the world and has a global network of around

### **SUPERVISORS WANTED**

International Voluntary Organisation requires 2 Jordanian women as production supervisors for 2 small scale businesses.

Requirements:

-- Minimum 3 years experience.
-- Must be self starter and field work oriented.

 Fluent English/Arabic. Knowledge of sewing/embroidery or nutrition/food production.

> For more information call 656872/628760. (Sun-Thurs, 8-3)

### WANTED

Expanding publishing and publishing/information services company in Amman seeks to employ two

### STAFF WRITERS/EDITORS

primarily for English-language work. Applicants should be Jordanian, bilingual Arabic-English, with perfect command of written English, and ideally with some background in business/economics. Work involves computerbased information and desktop publishing systems, writing for the quality international press, and possibly some travel, as part of a small team of professionals working on original book publishing, newsletters, and some corporate information materials. Full-time and half-time positions available. Qualified applicants should send their CV and samples of their writing (English and Arabic) to P.O. Box 9446, Amman, Jordan.

All applications will be treated in full confidence.

'Arabic Language Courses' for Non-Arab Ladies The General Federation of Jordanian Women announces the

resumption of its Arabic language course as from 15th January. REMARKS: Monthly instalment JD 15

4 lessons per week Conversation in both colloquial and a classical Arabic

Please contact Tel. 670325 or 601094

### A LIVE-IN MAID

Required for a family with three children.

Please call Tel. 815199

### **FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT**

First floor consisting of three bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, L-shaped living area, maids room. Location: Um Utheina near San-Rock Hotel.

> · Contact tel. 671797 Amman Families only



### (stable)

LONDON (R) — Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Friday.

**LONDON EXCHANGE RATES** 

1.7710/20 1.1990/2000 One Sterling
One U.S. dollar U.S. dollar Canadian dollar 1.8380/90 2.0740/50 1.5675/85 38.48/51 6.2680/2730 1351/1353

One ounce of gold 403.25/403.85

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen 126.65/75 6.2775/2875 Swedish crowns 6.6800/6900 Norwegian crowns 7.1150/1250 Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

SYDNEY — Shares consolidated recent gains to end at an eight-week high. The All Ordinaries Index rose 11.3 points to 1.519.1, its highest since Nov. 16.

TOKYO - Sbares ended with the Nikkei Index at a record close after a week of strong gains on bullish sentiment linked to the start of the new imperial era in Japan. The Nikkei Index rose 154.93 points, or 0.50 per cent, to 31,298.38.

HONG KONG - Share prices closed at the day's low on profit-taking after four consecutive post-crash highs. The Hang Seng Index ended the day 35.35 points lower at 2,843.98.

SINGAPORE - Share prices closed lower with falls in excess of gains by 116 to 70 but the Straits Times Industrial Index managed a 3.88 point rise to 1,099.16 helped by gains in some index stocks. BOMBAY - Shares fell for the third day in a row on reports the Finance Ministry is working out a strategy to mobilise taxes. Tata Steel fell 7.5 rupees to 1,138.75.

FRANKFURT — A crop of rumours swept through the market, combining with profit-taking on call-options to unsettle investors and push some shares lower. The Real-Time Dax Index closed at 1.353.24, or 5.49 points below the previous close.

ZURICH — Swiss shares closed slightly firmer on moderate turnover, with activity centred on selected registered shares. The hroad-based Swiss Performance Index rose 4.2 points to 975.1. PARIS — French share prices ended slightly lower in moderately active business as the prospect of a strike by bourse employees Monday triggered a fresh wave of profit-taking. The 50-share bourse indicator ended 0.g per cent lower.

LONDON — Shares were well below the day's highs, succombing to profit-taking towards the end of the most active session for some time. By 1620 GMT, the FTSE 100 share index was up 10.9

NEW YORK — Blue chips recovered some of their losses in morning trading as some earlier selling pressure eased. The Dow was about unchanged at 2222.

the Jan. 28, and will last for 16 weeks. Two

1. An intensive programme in which classes meet in the moming for 20 hours per week, Saturday-Wednesday. The fee for these courses is JD 140 per term.

programmes will be offered:

2. A regular programme in which classes meet 6 hours per week (5:30-7:10 Saturday, Monday and Wednesday). The fee for these courses is JD 50 per term.

**ARABIC FOR SPEAKERS OF** 

OTHER LANGUAGES

The Language Centre at the University of Jordan

announces that courses in modern standard Arabic for speakers of other languages will commence on

Those interested please call at the Language Centre for registration.

## Palestinian soccer team tours Europe

ROME (R) - A Palestinian national football side arrived in Italy Thursday to begin a European tour of sporting prowess and diplomacy.

The young amateur side, who have never played in Europe before, hope to persuade the Inter-national Olympic Committee to recognise Palestine before the 1992 Olympics in Barcelona.

But the footballers, aged be-tween 19 and 21, will also have to fulfill a diplomatic role, meeting politicians and attending cultural

"Apart from the competitive aspect, this initiative has a clear political significance. It is part of a wide-ranging campaign to show that our people are more than just fighters," the Palestine Li-beration Organisation's cultural attache in Rome, Ammar Nas-

The Palestinians have already won a small victory. After a persuasive telephone call from Italian Football Federation chief Antonio Matterese to International Federation (FIFA) presi-dent Joao Havelange, FIFA agreed to suspend the rule forbidding members from playing against unrecognised sides.

contribution towards detente." Italian Federation spokesman Antonio Valentini told a news conference. "After ping-pong di-plomacy, we now have football

matches next week against youth sides in Empoli and Livorno, as well games Saturday against Ita-

hands, students and office workers play for amateur teams in Knwait, Iraq, Egypt and Sandi

"We have only been in training together properly for three weeks. It is difficult when they all play in different countries," Ahmed Afifi, chief of the Tunisbased Palestine Football Federa-

from the occupied Arab territories because of the difficulty of travelling and because sporting activity has stopped since the "We hope we have made some Palestinian uprising began-

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you ♥1083 ♦42 **±QJ95**4 **♦ Q63** The bidding has proceeded: West North East South Dbl 2 • INT Pass Pagg

What action do you take? A .- Parmer's cue-bid is still for takeout-had be held a club suit, he would not have doubled originally. Therefore, you can't pass; you must bid your longer of the other three suits. Since you have in choose a three-card suit, make the cheaper bid-two hearts.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South you

**♣ J9852** ♥162 ♥Q103 ♣A42 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 NT Pass

What action do you take? A .- You have just edough to lavite game should partner have a spade fit and a maximum. To start, use the Stayman Convention by bidding two chubs to probe for a major-suit

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South you bold: ♣J9852 ♥102 ♦Q163 ♣A42

The bidding has proceeded: South 2 + West 1 NT Pass Pass 20 Pass

What do you bid now? A .- Bid two spades. Since you could have bid two spades directly with a weak hand, this sequence is invitational and forcing to two no trump or three of your suit, assuming you are using the original version of the Stayman Convention. Pariner can correct to no trump with a doubleton; raise to three spades with a minimum and threecard support, or four spades with a The ruling opened the way for

lian and foreign journalists. Ex-perts say the Palestine side are strongly favoured. The 24-strong squad of factory

Arabia.

tion, told the news conference. The squad has no members

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you ±39852 ♥162 ♦Q163 ±A42 The bidding has proceeded: North East South W West I NT Pas

2 🛊 · Pass What do you bid now? A .- While your hand has been improved by the fact that partner has a four-card spade suit, you don't have enough to commit your side to game. Complete the invitational sequence by raising to three spades. sking partner to bid game with a

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♣A76 ♥A10762 ♦K10854 ♠Void North East

South West-2 + Pass 1 NT Pass Pass What do you bid now? A.—If you find a fit, you are in slam territory; if not, you might not want to proceed beyond three no trump. A jump to three hearts could take the auction too high to allow for orderly investigation, so if two hearts is forcing in your methods, that's all you need do for the

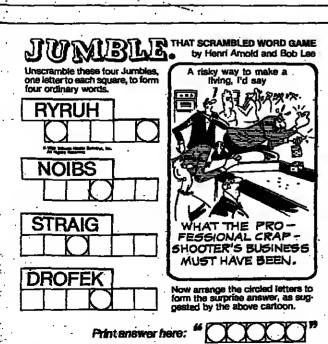
Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South A76 ♥A10762 . ♦ K10854 A Void The bidding has proceeded: South North West

2 ÷ Pres 20 Pass 2 NT Pass What do you bid now? A .- Partner does not have three

hearts, so he must have at least three diamonds. Since a change of suit by you is forcing, just bid three dia-monds to see what action partner



"He's a hero! Once he threw his body over a donut to save a fellow dieter!"



Jumbles: FLAKE BLOOM FUTURE TONGUE

....

Answer How to slience a "foud" tie -- GET A "MUFFLER"



A natural loser: Ari Vatanen trails Jacky Ickx despite the Peugeot npany decision which decreed his win

### Ickx takes lead by mistake in Paris-Dakar

PARIS (R) — Belgian driver Jacky 1ckx, ordered by his Peugeot team to let teammate Ari Vatanen win the Paris-Dakar rally. accidentally took the lead Thursday - 24 hours before the end of

Ickx and his co-driver Christian Tarin gained five minutes 51 seconds on Vatanen during the 203 kms special timed stage between Koumpentoum and Linouere in Senegal, enough to displace the leading Finn and take a 20-second overall lead. Explaining Ickx's surprise win Thursday, race officials said

Vatanen apparently went off course during the stage.

Ickx was leading the rally five days ago when Peugeot team chiefs decided the competition between him and Vatanen was exposing the pair to too many dangers. By the toss of a coin Vatanen was made number one driver and Ickx was ordered to let

Other teams were already so far behind the leading two cars, no-one else had a remote chance of victory.

Provisional stage placings:

1. Jacky Ickx/Christian Tarin (Belgium) Peugeot 59 minutes 40

seconds penalty time
2. Jean Gabrean/Alain Gabbay (France) Toyota one minute 20 seconds behind

3. Guy Frequelin/Fenonil (France) Peugeot 4. Philippe Wambergue/Alain Guehennec (France) Peugeot 3:20 5. Ari Vatanen/Bruno Berglund (Finland/Sweden) Peugeot 5:51

6. Jean Da Silva/Daniel Thomas (France) Mitsubishi 7. Patrick Tambay/Dominique Lemoine (France) Mitsubishi 9:20 8. Gerard Boin/Patrick Vergne (France) Peugeot 15:32

9. Klaus Seppi/Pelanconi (Italy) Mercedes 10. Jerome Riviere/Claude Herve (France) Toyota

## YOUR HOROSCOPE

--- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Many will have difficulty directing their energy, concentrating and separating fact from fiction today. Daydreams can get confused with proaches to routine matters. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

ARRES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
Study a challenging situatinn
before acting. It is a fun day to
make new friends and socialize.
Keep an open mind to activities.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) A
difficult workload has you in a
frenzy. The evening can be set as its
frenzy. The avening can be set as its
frenzy. The avening can be set as its
frenzy. for needed rest. A prosperous finan-cial streak is in the making. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A fragile situation can worsen if you do not use good judgment. Your social charisms is powerful today. Surround yourself with friends. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You are appreciated, and someone demonstrates it. Positive attitudes and a sense of sharing put you high on the popularity list. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) While in

your present creative mood, enjoy the arts. Avoid asking someone else

weekend journey. Hot tempers cool regarding family matters. LIBRA (Sept. 23 tn Oct. 22) Personal time may be at a premium tonew romantic tie. Remember your

15:37

plans for tomormw, and rest today. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A friend asks for help with a problem. Put energy into new contacts and exciting people. You can have it all when you are patient. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) Your good business sense and originality lead to progress. Stay with familiar routines. Contact close friends for evening fun. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) This day will turn out better than it starts. You are overextended, but

you will manage to complete the tasks on your full schedule.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
You bave feelings for an affectionate friend. Try a new approach that is less demanding. Watch your cash flow, and curb spending. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Take advantage of a new situation. Focus on personal projects that need at-tention. Hubanb with a friend who has many original ideas.

## to keep a secret. Adapt to a change in plans in the evening. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) People around you seem to be at



## World Cup qualifying matches

# Iraq edges Jordan 1-0

AMMAN — A fumble from Jordanian goalkeeper Milad Abbasi to a surprise 30 metre shot from Iraqi defender Ghanim Oraibi gave the Arab Cup champions a crucial 1-0 victory over Jordan's national team in Friday's World Cup qualifying match at the Royal Sports City.

Victory gave Iraq, the favourites in the qualifying group, a hadly needed base to challenge for leadership after beir unexpected draw with Oman last week. Qatar's goalless draw with Oman in Muscat, also Friday, leaves Iraq and Qatar tied on 3 points each but Iraq with a superior goal differential. Jordan remain at the bottom of the group, having lost both their

The goal, which came in the 12th minute of the second half, broke the national side's concentration in what had been an even and aggressive match, and ruined a fine performance from Abhasi. The vocal crowd, estimated at some 22,000 went home more mutely than it had arrived.

Jordan bad slightly the better of the opening exchanges, but failed to capitalise on their more frequent possession. In the 9th minute, Khalid Awad crossed to find Jihad Abdul Mun'am, wbo shot past the left post, which was as close as they came to scoring. For the Iraqis, Hissein Sa'id nar-

rowly missed with a volley three

minutes later, but otherwise the

early action took place in mid-

py footwork on both sides led to Iraqi striker Ahmad Radi being booked in the 17th minute for a dangerous challenge to Ahbasi, while in the second half Jordanian defender Zaid Sbara'a was

field skirmishing.
Competitive jostling and slop-

cantioned for a tackle on Jasfar Hadid. The referee, Jasim Mandi of Bahrain, fully lived up to bis reputation as one of the finest in the Arab World by astute bandling of the game. At one point, where every tackle seemed to be

leaving at least one player prone on the ground, be called the

encouraged the stricken player to make a quicker recovery.

The Iraqis used their extra beight to dominate the air, with

stretcher on immediately, which

both wingers getting good crosses in, and in the 32nd minute Radi smashed a rising sbot against the Jodanian crossbar. It was only nimble work hy Abbasi which prevented an earlier Iraqi goal, as he made a couple of spectacular saves to shots from Radi.

Jordanian attacks rarely found the support they needed to maintain pressure on the Iraqi de-fence. In the last minute of the first balf Yusuf Al Ammouri, finding himself in front of Iraqi keeper Ahmad Mohammad Jassim who had been drawn off his line, could bave sidepassed for a virtually open goal had a colleague been square of him. He dallied until defender Adnan Darjal robbed him from behind.

Iraq proved far more imposing from the opening of the second half, which opened under a light drizzle that gradually intensified. In the first ten minutes the hall was rarely out of the Jordanian half, while in the 11th, Ahmad Radi lost out in a face-off with Ahbasi. In the following minute, however, came Oraibi's goal, a long low straight shot straight at Ahhasi, who let the hall slip through his hands.

From then on, Iraq dominated.

### SPORTS IN BRIEF

Peaks and troughs: Milad Abbasi rising to one of his better moments

### Belgium, Netherlands reach semifinals

ROTTERDAM (AP) — Belgium and the Netherlands Thursday reached the semifinals of the inaugural Indoor Soccer World Championship and face Brazil and the United States respectively. Belgium edged the host nation 2-1 in group 1 hut because Hungary lost to Italy 3-1, the Netherlands gained a spot in Saturday's semifinals. The United States continued its string of upsets, beating Brazil 5-3 in a match that decided the group 2 winner. It also earned the United States the right to play the runner-up from the other group. Paraguay beat Argentina 4-3 to avoid finishing bottom of the group. Both the U.S. and Brazilian teams qualified for the semifinals Wednesday and decided to rest several players for Saturday. The final is Sunday at the 7,000capacity Ahoy hall in this city.

### Men's tennis in leadership chaos

LONDON (AP) - Men's tennis is hracing for the era of player power and the biggest upheaval since the sport opened its doors to professionals 21 years ago. As the Australian open gets under way in Melbourne Monday, the first hig tournament of what could be tennis' final season of the status quo, the world's top players want to scrap a system that has made them rich hnt which they view as messy, fragmented and physically too demanding. Instead, they say, their proposed hreakaway Association of Tennis Professionals tour, scheduled for 1990, will be less cluttered, more competitive and exciting, and will include an eight-week offseason at the end of the year to let injuries heal. Stars such as Mats Wilander, John McEnroe and Pat Cash are preparing to run their own show, dictating who plays where, for what fee and against whom.

### Krickstein, Fernandez advance

SYDNEY (AP) - Americans Aaron Krickstein and Mary Joe Fernandez advanced hut world no. 6 Helena Sukova was a shock loser on day four of the \$350,000 New South Wales Open Tennis Championships Thursday, Third-seeded Krickstein, ranked 14th hy the Association of Tennis Professionals, moved into the quarterfinals with a 6-3, 6-4 victory over compatriot Joey Rive on centre court at White City arena in Sydney. Fernandez, 17, also

marched into the quarterfinals with a 6-7 (5-7), 6-2, 6-1 victory over 14th-seeded compatriot Gretchen Magers.

### **Davis Cup team to play Paraguay**

NEW YORK (R) — Sixteen-year-old Michael Chang will join Davis Cup veterans Andre Agassi, Ken Flach and Robert Seguso when the United States take on Paraguay in Fort Meyers, Florida next month, the U.S. tennis association announced Thursday. U.S. Davis Cup captain Tom Gorman said Chang, one month short of his 17th birthday, will be the youngest player ever to compete for the Americans when they make their return to world group competition beginning Feh. 3. Agassi, ranked third in the world, and Wimhledon and Olympic doubles champions Flach and Seguso, have never lost in Davis Cup play. Agassi is 3-0 in Davis Cup singles and Flach and Seguso have teamed for seven straight Davis Cup doubles victories.

### Chelsea signs Beasant

LONDON (R) — English Second Division promotion candidates Chelsea signed goalkeeper Dave Beasant, a record signing for Newcastle only seven months ago, for \$1.3 million Thursday. Beasant, who captained Wimbledon to a shock victory over Liverpool in the F.A. cup final last May, has dropped \$225,000 in value since June when he moved to First Division Newcastle for a British record transfer fee for a goalkeeper. A last-minute Hitch involves a five-year contract for Beasant, and Chelsea chairman Ken Bates threatened to pull out.

### American Indoor Circuit opens

NEW YORK (R) — An athletics world shaken by the Ben Johnson drug scandal hopes to recapture some of its lost glitter Friday night at the first meeting of the North American Indoor Circuit. Olympic champions Julius Kariuki and Peter Rono of Kenya and Roger Kingdom of the United States head an international field for the Hamilton, Ontario, event. Ironically it will be field not far from Toronto where an inquiry into drugs and sport is being held, prompted by the disqualification in Seoul of Johnson, a Jamaican-born Canadian.

### **Peanuts**





### Mutt'n' Jeff



### Andy Capp







## Ministers meet to breathe new life into Non-Aligned alliance

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Foreign ministers and officials of the Non-Aligned Movement sought ways to breathe new life into their 28-year-old alliance as they opened a three-day meeting in Cyprus Friday.

doumi.

The opening shots in what promised to be a lively dehate were fired as Cypriot Foreign Minister George Iacovou welcomed 210 delegates from 59 states attending the Nicosia meeting.

Several working papers calling for far-reaching procedural change were distributed, with some Non-Aligned Movement members criticising traditional decision-making and urging a re-duction in the volume of communiques, statements and declarations.

"I think we'll see differences emerge between conservatives and radicals over the structure of the movement," one Caribbean delegate told Reuters as the session began.

A southeast Asian delegation leader commented: "There's a general mood in favour of tightening procedures."

#### Kaddoumi welcomed

Farouk Kaddoumi was recognised as the representative of the state of Palestine at the opening of the conference.

Kaddoumi, head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), told the meeting that while streamlining its operations, the movement cannot lose sight of its goal of "ending colonialism."

It was the first such high-level meeting of the organisation since the Palestine National Council (PNC) declared an independent Palestinian state in November and delegates gave him a warm welcome. lacovou descended from the podium to hug Kad-

Around 90 countries, many of them from the Non-Aligned Movement, have recognised Palestine, and Kaddoumi thanked them for their support. He expressed "gratitude for the role of the Non-Aligned Movement in strengthening the militancy of our Palestine people", in trying to establish a state in territory occupied by Israel.

While in Cyprus, the PLO representative was expected to set a date for PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to accept an invitation from Cypriot President George Vassiliou for an official visit.

Foreign Minister Nathan Shamuvaria of Zimhahwe read a message from President Robert Mugabe, current head of the Non-Aligned Movement, calling for a permanent secretariat for the organisation.

In an era of rapid communication and rapid changes in international relations, Mugabe's statement said, "a permanent secretariat is need to service the work of the chairman and the commit-

ican oil industry if the govern-

ment carried out a threat to sell

the state petroleum monopoly

largest crude oil producer and

production from the country's

Mexico is the world's sixth-

Pemex to private investors.

facovou, in his opening address, said the conference was designed to "make suggestions as to how the movement will become more effective and more

At the foreign ministers' conference held in Nicosia last September, delegates complained that the organisation was bloated, churning out endless documents that nohody read and adopting resolutions that nobody followed.

The conference on updating the movement emerged from those complaints, with lacovou chairing a steering committee.

Foreign Minister Narasimha Rao of India said the movement is at a crossroads. One road leads to irrelevance, the other to the role it has played in contributing new ideas to international problems?

Budimir Loncar, foreign minister of Yugoslavia, the next bead of the movement, said. 'Our task here is to give it new meaning and transform its ac-

The foreign ministers of Cuba and Congo also spoke, stressing that modernisation of the movement should not overlook the need to solve pressing economic problems facing the world's poorer countries.

The Non-Aligned Movement was founded in 1961, at the height of the cold war between the United States and the Soviet Union. It was initially designed to accept all those countries that did not want to choose sides in the superpower rivalry.

### Mexico probes origin of Uzis

ican officials are investigating the origin of a cache of Uzi submachine guns and ammunition seized in a raid on the home of an oil union chief, who is charged with the murder of a federal

Authorities said 200 submachine guns smuggled from the United States were found in the home of Joaquin Hernandez Galicia during a raid Tuesday in Ciudad Madero, 350 kilometres northeast of Mexico City.

Soldiers blew down the door of the bouse with a Bazooka. A federal agent was sbot to death in the ensuing gunhattle prior to the arrest of Hernandez Galicia, leader of the powerful Oil Workers Union.

The government has not said what it thinks Hernandez Galicia planned to do with the weapons.

The Oil Workers Union, like most of the labour movement, is closely tied to the government. But Hernandez Galicia has had a longstanding feud with President Carlos Salinas de Gortari.

nine refineries amounts to 1.4 million barrels a day. A barrel contains 160 litres. Hernandez Galicia's arrest prompted strikes by union mem-

bers that crippled the industry for a day. A union official called off the strike Wednesday. Hernandez Galicia, among the bodyguards and 48 other jailed associates, was charged Thursday with homicide, weapons possession, importing probibited weapons and resisting arrest. He

His associates are to be charged with frauds, weapons possession and tax evasion, judi-

faces 40 years in prison if con-

cial authorities say. Hernandez Galicia, 66, told investigators that former Reynosa Mayor Jose Cruz Contreras Last week, the union chief secretly delivered the Uzis and

threatened to paralyse the Mex- about 30,000 cartridges Dec. 10, according to a statement from the attorney general's office.

> The source in the attorney general's office said Mexican authorities and U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation (FB1) and Drug Enforcement Administration officials met Thursday to try to determine where the arms originated.

> In a Mexico City prison Thursday, Hernandez Galicia said. "They told me my family was kidnapped and if I didn't give a statement that pleased the federal attorney general, I wouldn't see them again."

> He told reporters his detention was "a dirty, prefabricated in-

Several thousand oil workers and supporters demonstrated for his release Thursday night in Mexico City's main plaza.

A bomb threat and rumours of more arrest forced union local chiefs to evacuate the union's national beadquarters before they could vote to choose a new secretary-general.

### Charges set in Pentagon case

ALEXANDRIA, Virginia (AP)

— A defence contractor, a U.S. navy employee and five men faced arraignment Friday in U.S. district court on charges they conspired to fix Pentagon contracts by paying bribes for in-

formation. Judge Richard Williams was set to preside over the arraignment stemming from the first indictments in the two-year-old investigation into allegations that private consultants and defence contractors illegally tried to manipulate the Defence Department's 150-billion-dollar-a-year purchasing system.

The defendants are Teledyne Electronics of California, a division of Teledyne Industries; navy purchasing specialist Stuart Berlin; private consultants Fred

Lackner and William Parkin; and face maximum penalties of 185 three Teledyne employees, George Kaub, Eugene Sullivan and Dale Schnittjer.

The U.S. indictment issued in this Washington suburb charges them with conspiracy and

The indictment alleges that Teledyne Electronics and its employees paid Parkin to get details about a navy radar contract worth more than \$100 million. Parkin then paid Lackner, a consultant based in California, who in turn gave bribes to Berlin, the indict-

Prosecutors said Berlin's information played a role in landing the contract for Teledyne Elec-

years in prison and fines of \$5.5 million. Teledyne Electronics faces a fine of \$6.5 million if convicted. The other men face lesser sentences if they are found

Lawyers for Teledyne Electronics claim their client is innocent of conspiracy and knew nothing of any deals between private consultants and government employees. Attorneys for Parkin also have said their client did nothing wrong in running his

After the indictment was made public, the Defence Department suspended Berlin without pay and barred Teledyne Electronics ronics. from doing business with any Berlin, Parkin and Lackner agency of the government.

## Military honours Reagan

ANDREWS AIR FORCE BASE, Maryland (R) - President Reagan, flanked by new American weapons of war, was honoured Thursday in an elaborate farewell ceremony by the military that benefited from his record 2.5-trillion-dollar defence A marine band played martial

music as Reagan, who gives up power to President-elect Bush January 20, marched in review of honour guards representing the army, air force, marmes, navy and coast guard in a huge hangar at Andrews Air Force Base on the ontskirts of Washington. Reagan, who presided over

America's biggest peacetime military huildup, told the assembled 1,400 officers, personnel and civilians that being armed forces commander in chief "is the most sacred, most important task of the presidency.

He dedicated a moment of silence for the 595 servicemen who died on duty during his presidency, including victims of terrorism. They are not with us today because they are at the right band of God...they are our retirement by the marching tunes



Ronald Reagan

heroes." he said. In the glow of tributes from the Pentagon, which laid on the ceremony for one of its most beloved commanders, he said: "The gratitude of the nation, comfortable and at peace, properly goes not to me but to you.'

The president, sent off into

of each service, looked on the verge of tears when the band played strains on Auld Lang Syne. He blinked and swallowed hard as he stood at attention for the goodbye.

In the background were some of the weapons that joined the U.S. arsenal during his eight years - an army Apache attack helicopter, a coast guard search and rescue helicopter, a navy F-18 fighter, a marine Harrier Jumpjet and a B-1B bomber

Beneath a wing of the B-1B, a fierce-looking marine squad carrying automatic weapons stood at parade rest in camouflage battle dress, their faces hlackened.

Marching in review was a unit of the army's old guard, a ceremonial fife and drum corps wearing red-coated war uniforms.

The ceremony, which began with a 21-gun salute, was forced inside the hangar by fog and rain. A fly-by of air force, navy, and marine fighter jets and army and coast guard helicopters was can-

celled. The Defence Department declined to estimate the cost of the

## After 35 days, six rescued from Armenian quake rubble

MOSCOW (AP) — Six men were rescued from the rubble of a nine-storey apartment building in Leninakan 35 days after the Armenian earthquake trapped them in a food cellar, TASS reported Thursday.

The survivors were found Wednesday, weeks after authorities gave up searching for survivors of the Dec. 7 quake that killed 25,000 people. One suffered a broken arm and the others only minor injuries, TASS said.

The report said the six were trapped in a basement used to store food, so they had plenty to eat and were able to move around. As the wreckage of the apartment house was being cleared, a ray of light penetrated the cell-sized room where the men were trapped, and they began to shout for help, said Andrauik Iordanyan, duty officer at Hospital Number Three in Yerevan, where one of the survivors was taken.

"It was completely by accident," Iordanyan said, passing on information from survivor Aikaz Akopyan and Akopyan's sister.

who met him as he emerged from the ruins. Akopyan, speaking in a strained voice from his hospital bed, told Soviet television, "All my relatives had been standing there for a month, around the clock."

Iordanyan said he believed a French rescue team with a sniffer dog was involved, but this report was not certain. Authorities have been using "special equipment and dogs in order to be convinced there are not people alive" as they clear the

rubble, Evegeny Kutuvoy, the charge d'affaires at the Soviet embassy in Washington, said Wednesday. Rescuers last pulled a survivor from the wreckage Dec. 26, TASS said. Kutuvoy said searchers have found 24,920 bodies in the ruins of three cities and more than 100 villages in northwest

Armenia devastated by the quake. Authorities gave up hope for survivors weeks ago, saying it was too late for anyone to remain alive in sub-freezing temperatures, presumably without food and water. Workers began buildozing the wreckage to prevent decaying bodies from spreading disease, despite protests from relatives and some rescae teams. lordanyan said the men were able to stand and move around in

the dark basement, which was about eight square metres. Karlen Sarkissyan had a broken arm and the others suffered only minor injuries, TASS reported. All were brought to Yerevan hospitals Thursday morning where they remained that evening, according to Iordanyan and TASS.

Akopyan had medical training and administered massages to the others to relieve the pain of their injuries, TASS said. "On the day of the earthquake, I asked five neighbours to help me carry two heavy wooden kegs to the basement," Akopyan was quoted as telling TASS. "Just then, we suddenly heard a terrible roar. The Earth trembled, and walls began to collapse. I thought a

"It's true, we used the food sparingly," said Akopyan, a 50-year-old electrician. "After all, we had no idea what had happened, nor how long we would be entombed. We lost track of time completely. But we never doubted for a minute that we would be found and released," he was quoted as saying.

"I had only one thought - to do everything necessary so my young friends would not go crazy," Akopyan told TASS. "I entertained them, calmed them, sang, and told stories about my

He identified two of the other survivors as Rafik Simonyan and Vanik Khachaturyan. He said be could not remember the names of

In his brief television interview, Akopyan appeared very weak and said they eventually figured out there must have been an earthonake.

The quake levelled much of Leninakan, Armenia's secondlargest city. Its population has dropped from 280,000 to 100,000 as thousands of survivors have been evacuated.

### 'Airplane cleaner' finds security a shambles

LONDON (AP) - A British reporter who got a job as an airplane cleaner at Heathrow airport said Friday his fake application was never checked and he was able to wander on and off a dozen jets where he could easily have planted a bomb.

Transport Secretary Paul Channon has asked for a report on the front-page story in Friday's Daily Express by reporter Graham Dudman, who called security at the airport a shambles.

Dudman said he decided to apply for a cleaning job at the airport after a bomb blew up Pan Am Flight 103 Dec. 21, killing all 259 people on board and 11 in the Scottisb town of Lockerbie.

The New York-bound flight originated in Frankfurt with a Boeing 727 and switched to a larger Boeing 747 at Heathrow. Channon ordered stepped-up security at all British airports following the crash as investigators tried to determine where the bomb was planted.

Dudman said he was hired by Skyliner Services, a private eleaning contractor, after a 10-minute interview Jan 4. He said his application, which contained many fictitious facts, was never checked and he was given a laminated pass that allowed him virtually free access to all areas of the airport.

"As a part-time aircraft cleaner, it enabled me to board 12 jetliners on any one of which 1 could have planted a bomb under a seat or in a locker," he said.

"I gained unchallenged access to luggage containers and the cahin and flight decks of trans-Atlantic airlines where at times I was alone and unsupervised," be

After he started work Jan. 9. Dudman said, he carried hulk! packages and a camera past security posts; and was never stopped or questioned, even when he took photographs on the airfield. Several appeared in the paper including one of the reporter posing hy a container of Pan Am luggage.



Idi Amin

KINSHASA (R) - Zaire sent deposed Ugandan dictator 1di Amin back into exile in Saudi Arabia Thursday.

Amin was arrested in Kinshasa

### Zaire sends Ugandan dictator back into exile

Amin and his son were put on a He was kept from the press at airean government plane to Kinshasa's Ndjili Military Air Zairean government plane to Dakar in Senegal to catch a scheduled Saudia Airlines flight to Jeddah, a government official told reporters at Kinshasa airport.

Reporters were not allowed to speak to Amin, who walked stem-faced to the Falcon 50 aircraft of the state mining company Gercamines for the five anda-half hour flight to Dakar. "We do not want to give him a

platform," a Zairean official said. Amin, a former army boxing champion who became one of Africa's most ruthless dictators, ruled Uganda for eight years until he was toppled by Ugandan exiles and Tanzanian troops in 1979.

was portrayed as a butcher and buffoon by the international media.

He arrived in Zaire with one last week after trying to slip back son Jan. 3 carrying a stolen Zai- Amin about massa into Africa under a false name. rean passport, the official said. man rights abuses.

Nicknamed "big daddy", be

Base throughout bis stay in Zaire. The official did not say why Amin, 61, had tried to return to

Africa. One of Amin's wives lives in Kinshasa with some of his children and his brother is a truck driver here.

Diplomats in Kinshasa said his presence was an embarrassment to Zairean President Mobutu Sese Seko, who bad close links with the former leader.

From his plane Amin could see the aircraft which brought a special envoy Wednesday from Ugandan President Yoweri Museveni asking for him to be sent back to Kampala.

Zairean officials had ruled this out because there is no extradition treaty between the two coun-

Uganda wants to question Amin about massacres and bu-

### Researchers say new fluoride treatment reverses bone loss

DALLAS (AP) — A substance long used by dentists to strengthen teetb is a key part of an experimental treatment that appears to safely curb spinal osteoporosis, a progressive bone disorder, U.S. researchers say.

University of Texas Southwestern Medical School researchers Thursday announced results from a seven-year trial of the new treatment on 251 patients

Doctors say spinal osteoporosis results from a gradual loss of a type of bone found primarily in the spine. It most commonly affects elderly women and results in shortened stature and curvature of the back.

The treatment employs a slowrelease form of sodium fluoride, a compound used by dentists to strengthen teeth which — when given with calcium cirtrate - can reverse the effects of osteoporosis by adding bone mass, said Dr. Charles Pak of Southwestern Medical Centre.

Pak said fluoride has been

available as an osteoporosis treatment for decades but caused serious side effects, including corrosion of the stomacb lining, painful swelling of the joints and stress

"These complications bave precluded the long-range acceptance of use of fluoride in the United States," said Pak. "Our treatments bave been designed to overcome these problems."

In the new treatment, fluoride. is encapsulated in a waxy pill that allows it to bypass the stomach before much of the compound is released. That helps alleviate gastrointestinal discomfort and allows the fluoride to be absorbed slowly into the blood, at an effective hut not toxic rate, Pak said.

Each year, an estimated 500,000 Americans suffer osteoporosis spine fractures, and a third of U.S. women over age 65 will have spinal fractures during their lives, the Southwestern researchers said.

"Treatments such as estrogen

and calcium supplements, which are directed at preventing bone loss, are useful in averting the development of osteoporosis when they are applied early, such as during the early postmenopausal period," said Pak. "But they have limited value in patients with established osteoporosis, who have already sustained a substantial bone loss. Our treatment is directed toward the latter

Pak said the treatment, which has been conducted on experimental hasis at 10 hospitals around the United States does not reverse spinal curvature or other damage, but does increase bone mass and forestall further hreakage.

He said it cannot be used by people who have sustained hip fractures because of differences

in the makeup of hip bones. Pak said be plans to apply to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDO) in April for

### approval of the treatment. **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Rightist sends finger to Takeshita

TOKYO (R) - A Tokyo rightist cut off his little finger and sent it to Japanese Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita in protest over what he called politicians' lack of decorum in mourning for the late Emperor Hirohito. The finger was accompanied by a letter which said: "I perform this rite of self-purification and offer up my finger to pray for the repose of the emperor's soul," police said Friday. Hirohito died Jan. 7 at age 87. It was not clear when Takeshita's office received the grisly parcel. Police said the unidentified man, a member of a right-wing organisation, was

#### under investigation for illegal possession of a sword. Papandreou's popularity drops

ATHENS (R) - Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou, whose government has been battered by recent scandals, bas suffered a sharp drop in popularity but disaffected voters are not flocking to his main opposition rival, an opinion poll showed Thursday. Papandreou was chosen by only 34.5 per cent of those polled in the Athens-Piracus area where almost half of the country's 10 million people live, compared with the 44.8 per cent his Pasok Socialist Party won in the area in the 1985 general election.

### Arevalo laments peace talks delay

GUATEMALA CTTY (AP) — President Vinicio Cerezo Arevalo is lamenting the postponement of a Central American presidential peace summit originally scheduled for this Sunday in El Salvador. Cerezo, arriving in Guatemala Thursday after a trip to the United States, said that the delay should have been decided by a majority vote of the presidents who were to participate. The meeting also was to include the presidents of El Salvador, Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Honduras. In his brief statements to reporters at the international airport in Guatemala City, Cerezo said that despite the delay he still was optimistic about future peace talks. It was the Guatemalan president's first official response to the postponement.

### Australia offers reward for killer

CANBERRA, Australia (AP) - The government Friday offered a 250,000 dollar reward, one of the largest in the country's history, for clues to the execution-style murder of a top Australian police officer. Justice Minister Michael Tate announced the reward after the killing Tuesday of assistant Federal Police Commissioner Colin Winchester at his home in Canberra, the

### Liberian tanker charged with dumping

ST JOHN'S. Newfoundland (R) - A Liberian-registered tanker has been charged with dumping oil into Placentia Bay in southern Newfoundland, killing at least 400 hirds. Authorities did not know how much oil was dumped but it was a thick, tar-like variety regarded as the worst type in a spill because it did not dissipate and sometimes sank, a spokesman for the government agency environment Canada said. Charges were brought Thursday night against the Northern Dancer after the coast guard analysed oil samples from the tanker and the birds, first found by residents

#### Tuesday. Hudson's lover has nightmares

LOS ANGELES (R) — The former bomosexual lover of Rock Hudson said Thursday his fears of having contracted AIDS from the late actor give him nightmares. Marc Christian, 35, who has filed a \$10 million lawsuit against Hudson's estate, has so far tested negative for infection with the fatal disease. But he told a superior court jury he still suffers "horrible anxiety" because of the long incubation period of the virus. "I have nightmares about looking the way Rock did, like a cadaver. I can't see anything without relating it to AIDS" be said, adding that he examines his body for symptoms every morning. Christian, a former bartender, alleges Hudson and others conspired to conceal the actor's infection with AIDS, which was diagnosed in June 1984. The two continued to have sex after the illness was diagnosed.

#### Passionate kissing Is not safe sex

CHICAGO (R) — A kiss is just a kiss, or is it? Italian researchers said Thursday a study of 45 couples showed passionate kissing can result in the spread of bloodborne diseases, including AIDS. Writing in the journal of the American Medical Association from Naples, the doctors said passionate kissing, which they defined as open-mouthed and lasting a few minutes, should not be considered a sexual activity safe from spreading AIDS. "The intense rubbing that takes place during kissing favours this passage, and if the blood of one partner is infective, buman immunodeficiency virus can pass into the blood stream of the other partner," said Dr. Marcello Piazza, who along with several colleagues delivered a paper on the subject late last year to the Italian Society for Experimental

#### Chapman leads in Grammy nominations

BEVERLY HILLS, California (AP) — Singer-songwriter Tracy Chapman and Bobby McFerrin led the field in nominations for the 31st annual Grammy Awards Thursday, with six for Chapman and five for McFerrin. Chapman, whose dehut album was a surprise hit in 1988, garnered nominations for best new artist, best album, best song and best record for "Fast Car," best female pop performance for the same song, and best contemporary folk recording for the entire album, named after herself. McFerrin, whose "Don't Worry Be Happy" was the first ever non-instrumental to reach number one position on billboard charts, received nominations for best song, record and male pop vocal performance for "Don't Worry," plus an album nomina-tion for "Simple Pleasures." McFerrin also received best male jazz vocal performance for the song "Brotbers." George Michael, whose smash album "Faith" sold more than six million copies and spawned six hits, received two nominations from the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences. Other top nominees were Anita Baker with four and Sting and Steve Winwood with three each.

#### Fergie named worst dressed

LOS ANGELES (R) - The Duchess of York, the former Sarah Ferguson, was named the worst-dressed woman of the year Wednesday by fashion designer Richard Blackwell. "She looks terrible, like she should be making beds on the second floor of a. motel," said Blackwell, issuing his 29th annual list of worstdressed women. "She should cut that stupid hair off. She looks more like a borse that came in last," he told a press conference. The duchess, known as "Fergie". is known for her fondness for frills and wide-brimmed bats. "The palace milkmaid strikes again," Blackwell declared. The duchess's sister-in-law Princess Diana, the Princess of Wales, was Blackwell's worst-dressed woman of 1982. The list issued by Blackwell Wednesday: 1. Duchess of York. 2. Imelda Marcos (wife of ex-preident Ferdinand Marcos of the Philippines) — "an over-thehill actress auditioning for Evita." 3. Debra Winger (actress) --"Winger gives fashion the fin-ger." 4. Madonna (rock singer)

— "helpless... hopeless... and horrendous." 5. Marilyn Quayle. (wife of Vice President-elect Dan Quayle) — "a 1940 unemployed librarian." 6. Shirley Temple Black (former child film star) ---"from the good ship lollypop to the titanic non-stop." 7. Lisa Marie Presley, Carrie Hamilton and Katie Wagner (daughters of Elvis Presley, Carol Burnett, and Robert Wagner) — "a trio of fashion terrors.

#### Broken back goes to work

MONROE (AP) — The Northeast Louisiana University vice president for business affairs has. not let a broken back spoil his record of 35 years without missing work because of illness. Robert Robinson moved his bed into the financial affairs office at. the university, where he can follow doctor's orders to remain flat on his back until the fracture heals. "He told me to stay in bed, but he didn't say where," said Robinson Robinson broke his back during the Christmas holidays. While he was doing carpentry work, a scaffold collapsed. dropping him 12 feet to the ground. The fall caused a compression fractive of the second lumbar vertebra, one of the bones in the spinal column.